

# CALCULATOR ALLOWED ON THIS SECTION

Find the one statement below which is false. Give a counterexample showing why it is false.

SCORE: \_\_\_\_ / 8 POINTS

Statement 1: If  $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) = +\infty$  and  $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} g(x) = +\infty$ , then  $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x)g(x) = +\infty$ .

Statement 2: If  $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) = +\infty$  and  $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} g(x) = +\infty$ , then  $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} [f(x) - g(x)] = 0$ .

Statement 3: If  $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) = +\infty$  and  $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} g(x) = +\infty$ , then  $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} [f(x) + g(x)] = +\infty$ .

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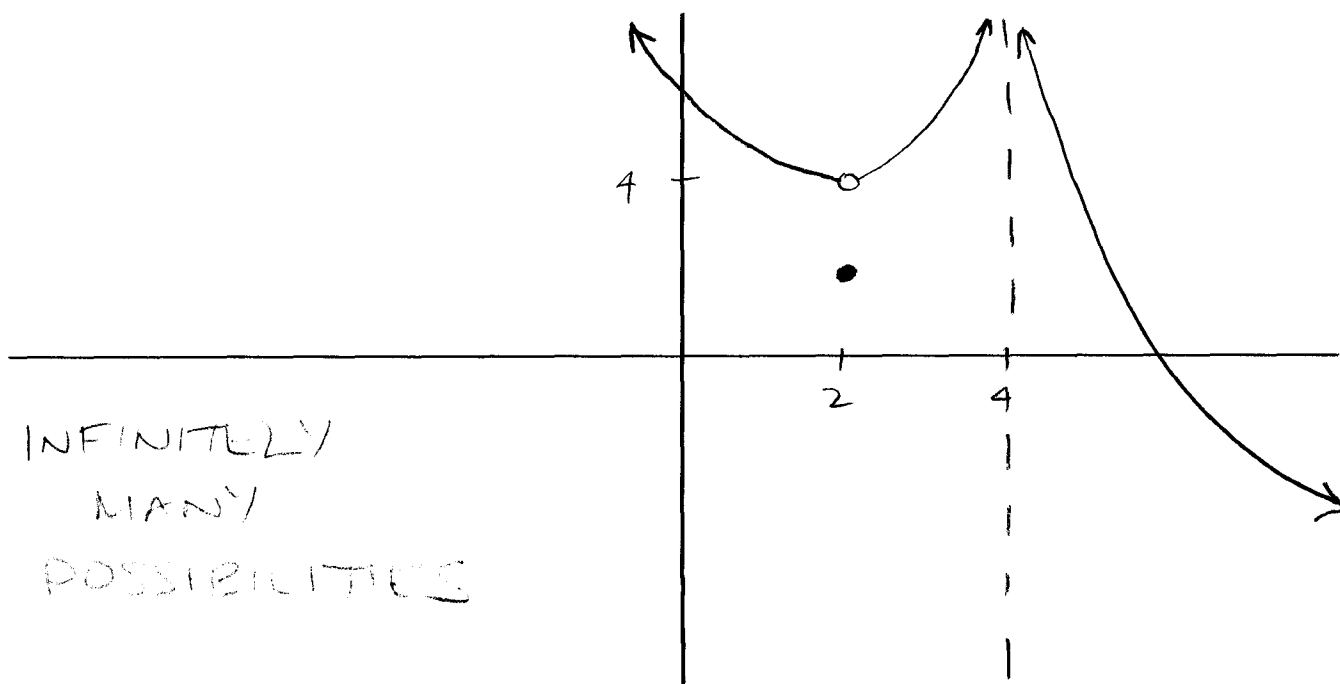
Sketch a graph of a function  $f$  with all the following properties.

SCORE: \_\_\_\_ / 10 POINTS

The domain of  $f$  is all real numbers except  $x = 4$ ,

$f$  has a removable discontinuity at  $x = 2$  and a non-removable discontinuity at  $x = 4$ ,

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2+} f(x) = 4$ , and  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 4-} f(x) = +\infty$ .



A function  $f$  is continuous from the left at  $x = a$  if  $\lim_{x \rightarrow a^-} f(x) = f(a)$ .

SCORE: \_\_\_\_ / 8 POINTS

If  $f(x) = \begin{cases} cx^2 + 1 & \text{if } x < 2 \\ -1 & \text{if } x = 2 \\ cx + 4 & \text{if } x > 2 \end{cases}$ , find all values of  $c$  so that  $f$  is continuous from the left at  $x = 2$  (if possible).

Show all algebraic work.

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} f(x) &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} (cx^2 + 1) = 4c + 1 \\ f(2) &= -1 \\ 4c + 1 &= -1 \\ c &= -\frac{1}{2}\end{aligned}$$

Let  $f(x) = -1 + x \cos x$ .

SCORE: \_\_\_\_ / 16 POINTS

[a] Prove that  $f(x)$  has a zero in the interval  $[-8, 8]$ . You must justify your argument properly as shown in class.

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[b] Use the method of bisections on the interval  $[-8, 8]$  to find an interval of width 1 that contains a zero.  
You must show all x-values you used in the method of bisections.

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