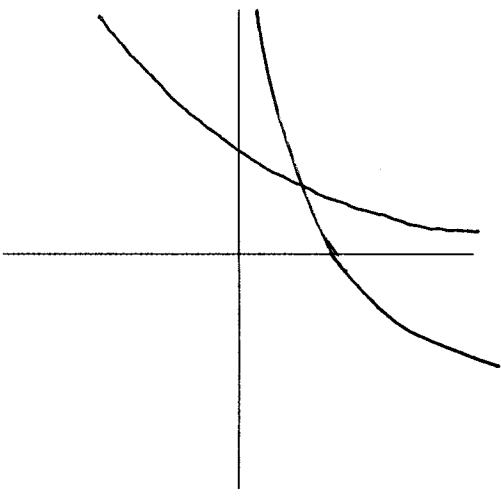
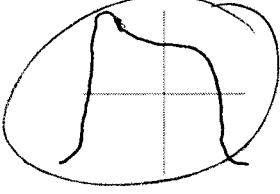
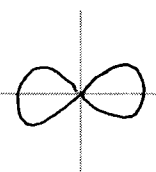
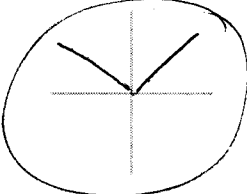
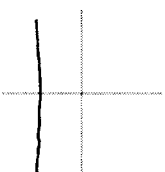
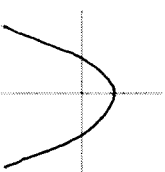


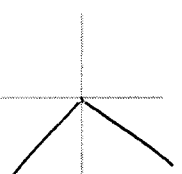
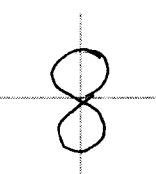
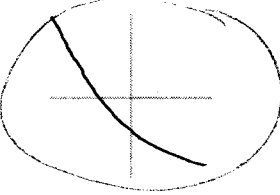
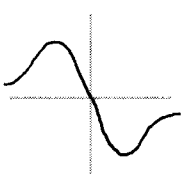
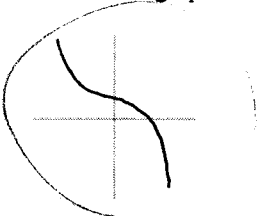
[1] The graph of the function $f(x)$ is shown below. Sketch the graph of the inverse function. [6 POINTS]



[2] Two of the graphs or tables below represent functions. Circle the two functions. [6 POINTS]



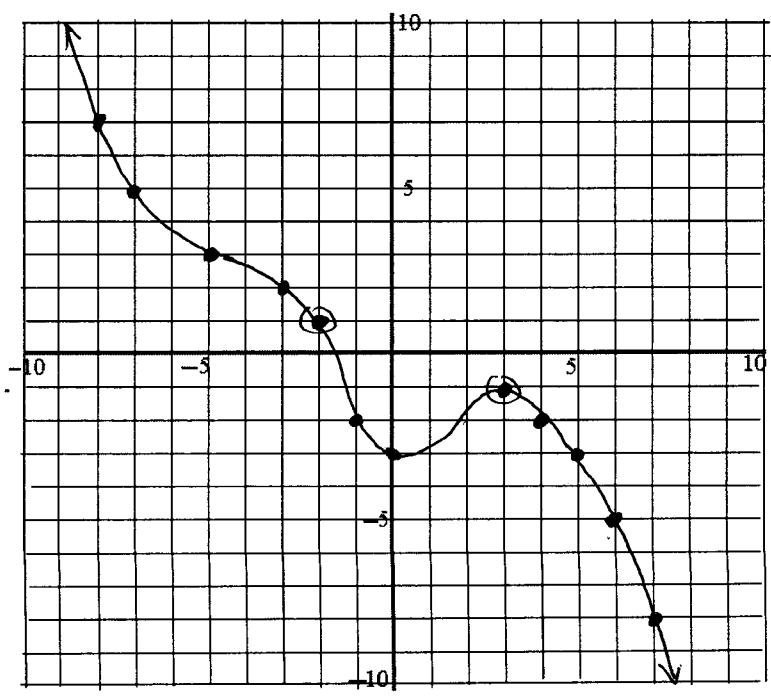
[3] Two of the graphs below represent one-to-one functions. Circle the two graphs. [6 POINTS]



[4] Use the graph of the function $f(x)$ to the right to fill in the blanks below. [6 POINTS]

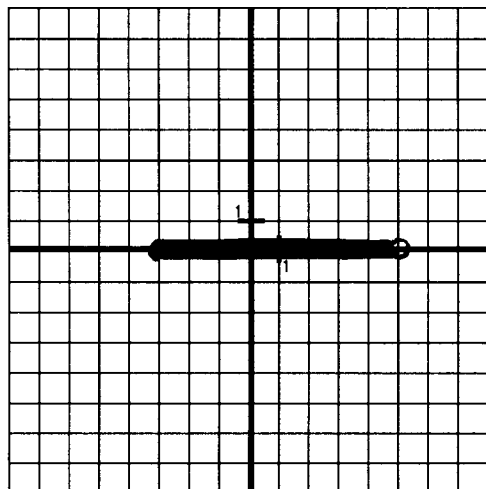
[a] $f(3) = \underline{-1}$

[b] $f(\underline{-2}) = 1$



[5] Which interval on x is graphed below?

[4 POINTS]



$$[-3, 5)$$

[6] If $f(x) = 2x^2 - 2x + 1$, find $f(a-3)$. Simplify your answer.

[7 POINTS]

$$\begin{aligned} f(a-3) &= 2(a-3)^2 - 2(a-3) + 1 \\ &= 2(a^2 - 6a + 9) - 2a + 6 + 1 \\ &= 2a^2 - 12a + 18 - 2a + 6 + 1 \\ &= 2a^2 - 14a + 25 \end{aligned}$$

[7] Find the inverse of the function $f(x) = \sqrt{3-x} - 2$. You do NOT need to simplify your answer.

[7 POINTS]

$$\begin{aligned} y &= \sqrt{3-x} - 2 \\ x &= \sqrt{3-y} - 2 \\ x+2 &= \sqrt{3-y} \\ (x+2)^2 &= 3-y \end{aligned} \quad \begin{aligned} (x+2)^2 - 3 &= -y \\ 3 - (x+2)^2 &= y \\ f^{-1}(x) &= 3 - (x+2)^2 \end{aligned}$$

[8] Find the exact solution of the equation $2^{x+2} = 3^{x-1}$. Also, use your calculator to find a decimal answer, rounded to 4 decimal places.

[10 POINTS]

$$\begin{aligned} \log 2^{x+2} &= \log 3^{x-1} \\ (x+2)\log 2 &= (x-1)\log 3 \\ x\log 2 + 2\log 2 &= x\log 3 - \log 3 \\ x\log 2 - x\log 3 &= -2\log 2 - \log 3 \\ x(\log 2 - \log 3) &= -2\log 2 - \log 3 \\ x &= \frac{-2\log 2 - \log 3}{\log 2 - \log 3} = 6.1285 \end{aligned}$$

- [9] The number of bacteria in a colony is given by $B(t) = 3.1(1.7)^t$. At what time were there 47 bacteria? [10 POINTS]
Round your answer to 1 decimal place.

$$\begin{aligned}
 47 &= 3.1(1.7)^t \\
 \frac{47}{3.1} &= 1.7^t \\
 t &= \log_{1.7} \frac{47}{3.1} \\
 &= \frac{\log \frac{47}{3.1}}{\log 1.7} \\
 &= 5.1
 \end{aligned}$$

- [10] Write $\log \frac{p^3}{mn^2}$ as the sums and/or differences and/or multiples of logarithms of numbers or single variables. [5 POINTS]

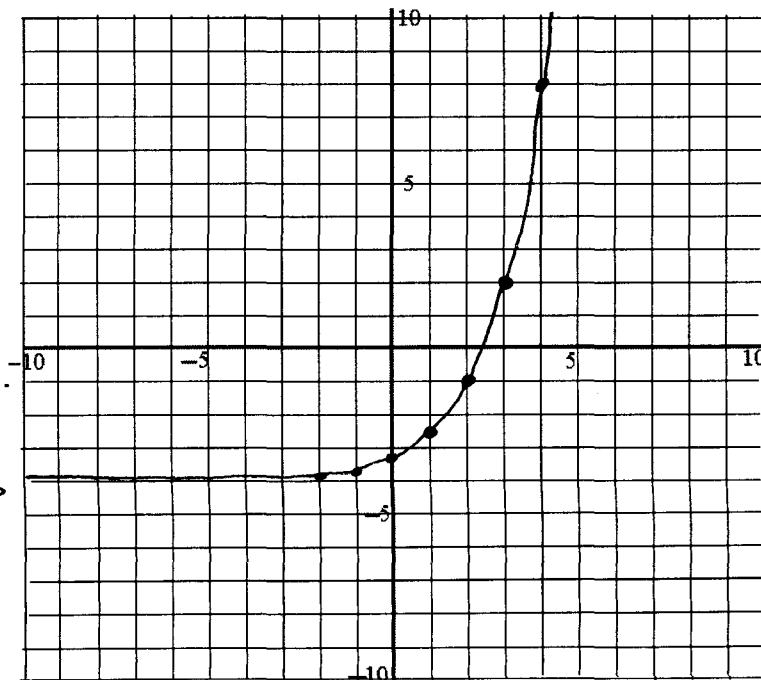
$$3 \log p - \log m - 2 \log n$$

- [11] Write $2 \log z - 3 \log y + \log x$ as the logarithm of a single quantity. [5 POINTS]

$$\log \frac{z^2 x}{y^3}$$

- [12] Draw the graph of the function $f(x) = 3 \cdot 2^{x-2} - 4$. Show the function's values of at least 4 points on your graph. [10 POINTS]
LABEL ALL ASYMPTOTES CLEARLY.

x				
$f(x)$				



ASYMPTOTE $y = -4 \rightarrow$