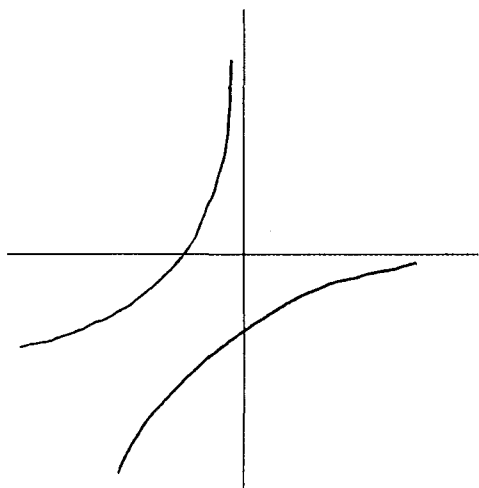
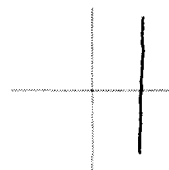
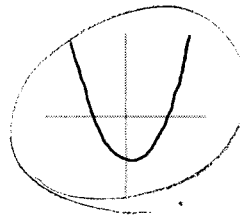
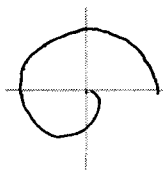
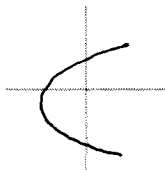
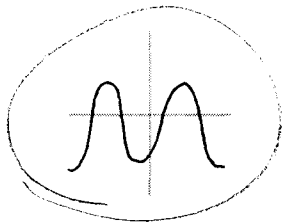


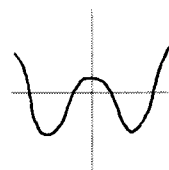
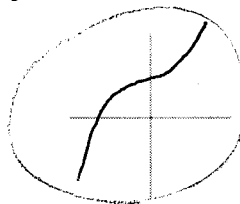
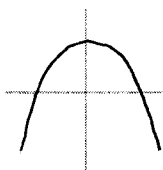
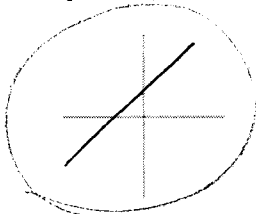
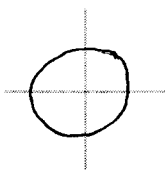
- [1] The graph of the function $f(x)$ is shown below. Sketch the graph of the inverse function. [6 POINTS]



- [2] Two of the graphs or tables below represent functions. Circle the two functions. [6 POINTS]



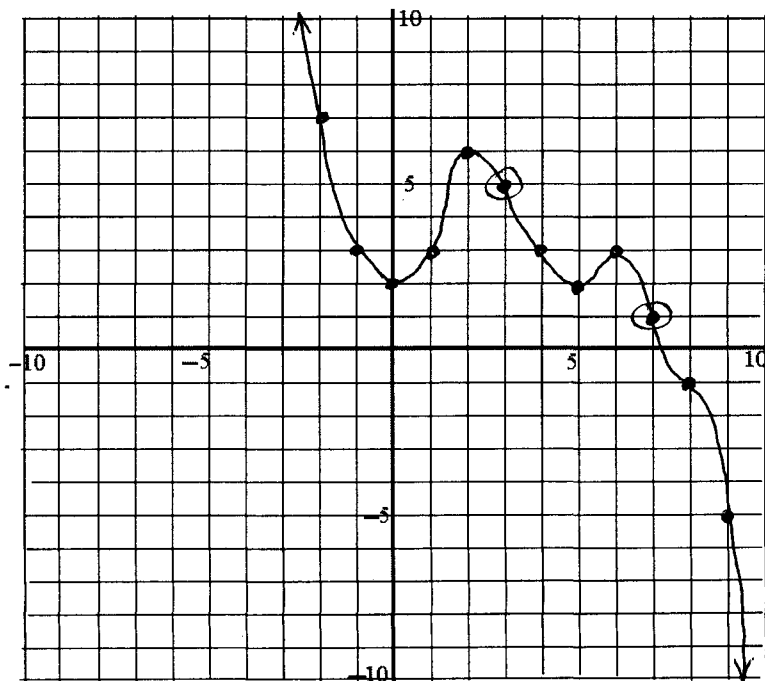
- [3] Two of the graphs below represent one-to-one functions. Circle the two graphs. [6 POINTS]



- [4] Use the graph of the function $f(x)$ to the right to fill in the blanks below. [6 POINTS]

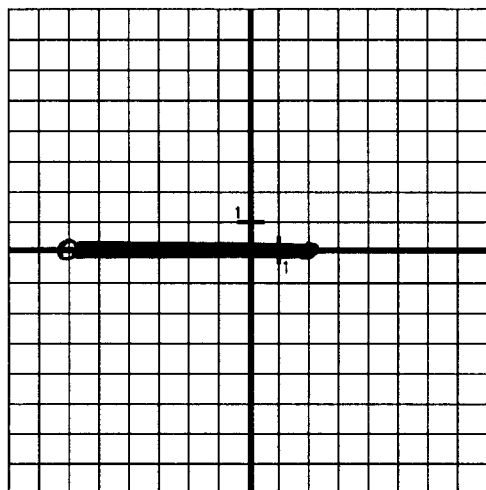
[a] $f(3) = \underline{5}$

[b] $f(\underline{7}) = 1$



[5] Which interval on x is graphed below?

[4 POINTS]



$$(-6, 2]$$

[6] If $f(x) = 2x^2 - 4x + 1$, find $f(a-2)$. Simplify your answer.

[7 POINTS]

$$\begin{aligned} f(a-2) &= 2(a-2)^2 - 4(a-2) + 1 \\ &= 2(a^2 - 4a + 4) - 4a + 8 + 1 \\ &= 2a^2 - 8a + 8 - 4a + 8 + 1 \\ &= 2a^2 - 12a + 17 \end{aligned}$$

[7] Find the inverse of the function $f(x) = \sqrt{6-x} + 5$. You do NOT need to simplify your answer.

[7 POINTS]

$$\begin{aligned} y &= \sqrt{6-x} + 5 \\ x &= \sqrt{6-y} + 5 \\ x-5 &= \sqrt{6-y} \\ (x-5)^2 &= 6-y \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (x-5)^2 - 6 &= -y \\ 6 - (x-5)^2 &= y \\ f^{-1}(x) &= 6 - (x-5)^2 \end{aligned}$$

[8] Find the exact solution of the equation $3^{x+2} = 4^{x-1}$. Also, use your calculator to find a decimal answer, rounded to 4 decimal places.

[10 POINTS]

$$\begin{aligned} \log 3^{x+2} &= \log 4^{x-1} \\ (x+2)\log 3 &= (x-1)\log 4 \\ x\log 3 + 2\log 3 &= x\log 4 - \log 4 \\ x\log 3 - x\log 4 &= -2\log 3 - \log 4 \\ x(\log 3 - \log 4) &= -2\log 3 - \log 4 \\ x &= \frac{-2\log 3 - \log 4}{\log 3 - \log 4} = 12.4565 \end{aligned}$$

- [9] The number of bacteria in a colony is given by $B(t) = 3.5(1.6)^t$. At what time were there 51 bacteria? [10 POINTS]
Round your answer to 1 decimal place.

$$\begin{aligned} 51 &= 3.5(1.6)^t \\ \frac{51}{3.5} &= 1.6^t \\ t &= \log_{1.6} \frac{51}{3.5} \\ &= \frac{\log \frac{51}{3.5}}{\log 1.6} \\ &= 5.7 \end{aligned}$$

- [10] Write $\log \frac{a^3}{bc^2}$ as the sums and/or differences and/or multiples of logarithms of numbers or single variables. [5 POINTS]

$$3 \log a - \log b - 2 \log c$$

- [11] Write $2 \log p - 3 \log m + \log n$ as the logarithm of a single quantity. [5 POINTS]

$$\log \frac{p^2 n}{m^3}$$

- [12] Draw the graph of the function $f(x) = 2 \cdot 3^{x-2} - 5$. Show the function's values of at least 4 points on your graph. [10 POINTS]
LABEL ALL ASYMPTOTES CLEARLY.

x				
$f(x)$				

ASYMPTOTE
 $y = -5$

