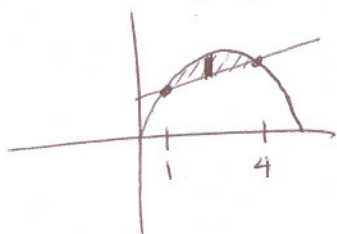


THIS IS A NO CALCULATOR QUIZ

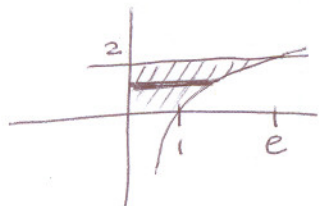
- [3 POINTS] Find the volume of the solid generated if the region bounded by $y = 6x - x^2$ and $y = x + 4$ is revolved around the line $x = 0$.



$$\begin{aligned} 6x - x^2 &= x + 4 \\ 0 &= x^2 - 5x + 4 \\ x &= 1, 4 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{SHELL: } & \int_1^4 (x-0)(6x-x^2-(x+4)) dx * 2\pi^{\frac{1}{2}} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \int_1^4 x(-x^2+5x-4) dx * 2\pi \\ &= \int_1^4 (-x^3+5x^2-4x) dx * 2\pi \\ &= \left(-\frac{x^4}{4} + \frac{5x^3}{3} - 2x^2 \right) \Big|_1^4 * 2\pi \\ &= \left(-\frac{1}{4}(256-1) + \frac{5}{3}(64-1) - 2(16-1) \right) * 2\pi = \frac{45\pi}{2} \end{aligned}$$

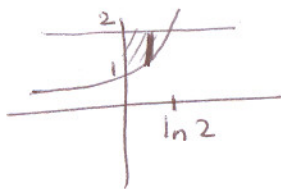
- [3 POINTS] Find the volume of the solid generated if the region bounded by $y = 2 \ln x$, $y = 0$, $x = 0$ and $y = 2$ is revolved around the line $x = 0$.



$$\begin{aligned} y &= 2 \ln x \\ \frac{y}{2} &= \ln x \\ e^{\frac{y}{2}} &= x \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{DISK: } & \int_0^2 (e^{\frac{y}{2}} - 0)^2 dy * \pi^{\frac{1}{2}} \\ &= \int_0^2 e^y dy * \pi \\ &= e^y \Big|_0^2 * \pi \\ &= (e^2 - 1)\pi \end{aligned}$$

- [4 POINTS] Find the volume of the solid generated if the region bounded by $y = e^x$, $y = 2$ and $x = 0$ is revolved around the line $x = 0$.



$$\begin{array}{l} u \\ x \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} dv \\ e^x \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 1 \\ 0 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} e^x \\ e^x \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{SHELL: } & \int_0^{\ln 2} (x-0)(2-e^x) dx * 2\pi^{\frac{1}{2}} \\ &= \int_0^{\ln 2} (2x - xe^x) dx * 2\pi \\ &= \left(x^2 - xe^x + e^x \right) \Big|_0^{\ln 2} * 2\pi \\ &= ((\ln 2)^2 - 2 \ln 2 + 2 - 1) 2\pi \\ &= 2\pi ((\ln 2)^2 - 2 \ln 2 + 1) \end{aligned}$$