[5 POINTS] Use summation rules/shortcuts to compute the sum $\sum_{i=1}^{20} (i-2i^2)$. You must show the rules/shortcuts being used.

$$= 20 - 20 - 5740$$

$$= 20 - 21 - 20 - 5740$$

$$= 55530$$
1 Point DACH

[5 POINTS] Compute the sum $\sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{1}{n} \left[2 \left(\frac{i}{n} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{i}{n} \right) \right]$, and ALSO compute the limit of the sum as $n \to \infty$. Show your work.

$$= \sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{2i^{2}}{n^{3}} + \frac{i}{n^{2}}$$

$$= \frac{2}{n^{3}} \sum_{i=1}^{n} i^{2} + \frac{1}{n^{2}} \sum_{i=1}^{n} i^{2}$$

$$= \frac{2}{n^{3}} \sum_{i=1}^{n} i^{2} + \frac{1}{n^{2}} \sum_{i=1}^{n} i^{2}$$

$$= \frac{2}{n^{4}} \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{n^{2}} + \frac{n+1}{2n}$$

$$= \frac{2(n+1)(2n+1)}{3n^{2}} + \frac{n+1}{2n}$$

$$= \frac{2(n+1)(2n+1)}{6n^{2}} + \frac{3n(n+1)}{6n^{2}}$$

$$= \frac{(n+1)\left[2(2n+1)+3n(n+1)\right]}{6n^{2}}$$

 $= \frac{(n+1)(7n+2)}{6n^2}$ $= \frac{(n+1)(7n+2)}{6n^2}$

 $\lim_{n\to\infty} \frac{7n^2 + 9n + 2}{6n^2}$ $= \left(\frac{7}{1}\right)$

1 POINT BACH

Use summation rules/shortcuts to compute the sum $\sum_{i=1}^{n} f(x_i) \Delta x$ where

$$f(x) = 4x^2 + 2$$
, $x = 2.1, 2.2, 2.3, ..., 3.0$, $\Delta x = 0.1$, $n = 10$.

You must show the rules/shortcuts being used. YOU WILL ONLY RECEIVE 1 POINT IF YOU SIMPLY LIST THE TERMS AND ADD THEM WITHOUT USING THE RULES/SHORTCUTS.

[2 POINTS] MULTIPLE CHOICE (NO PARTIAL CREDIT)

The table shows the velocity of an object at various times. Estimate the distance traveled using the method discussed in class.

Time (s)	0	0.5	1.0	1.5	2.0	2.5
Velocity (ft/s)	80	90	86	84	78	76
[A] 187 fee [D] 205 fee	F 7	208 feet 193 feet	[C] 184 [F] 211		LETTER C	OF BOANSWER B

2 POINTS

[2 BONUS POINTS]

If
$$\sum_{i=c}^{50} (2i + 3) = 2220$$
, find the value of c .

YOU MAY USE ANY METHOD EXCEPT GUESS AND CHECK.