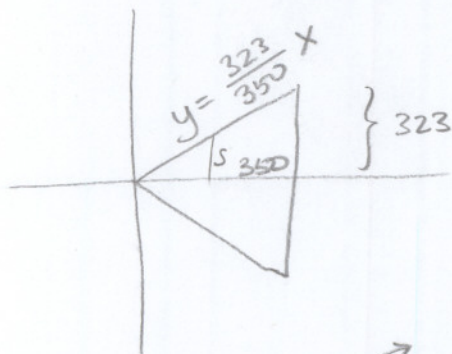


- [6 POINTS] The Luxor Hotel in Las Vegas is modeled after the pyramids of Egypt. The building is 350 feet high and its base is a square with sides of 646 feet. Find the volume of the building using an integral. **(DO NOT USE fnInt.)**



$$A(x) = (2s)^2 = 4s^2$$

$$s = \frac{323}{350}x$$

$$A(x) = 4 \left(\frac{323}{350}x \right)^2$$

$$\int_0^{350} 4 \left(\frac{323}{350}x \right)^2 dx$$

$$= 4 \left(\frac{323}{350} \right)^2 \int_0^{350} x^2 dx$$

$$= 4 \left(\frac{323}{350} \right)^2 \left(\frac{1}{3} x^3 \right) \Big|_0^{350}$$

$$= \frac{4}{3} \frac{323^2}{350^2} \cdot 350^3$$

$$= 48,686,866 \frac{2}{3} \text{ ft}^3$$

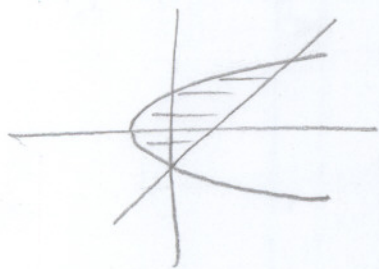
NO CREDIT
IF YOU USED
 $V = \frac{1}{3}Ah$ OR
 $\frac{1}{3}b^2h$

OR

$$\int_0^{350} 4 \left(323 - \frac{323}{350}x \right)^2 dx$$

$u = 323 - \frac{323}{350}x$
SUBSTITUTION GIVES
SAME INTEGRAL

- [5 POINTS] Find the area of the region bounded by the curves $y^2 = x+1$ and $y = \frac{1}{2}x-1$. **(DO NOT USE fnInt.)**



$$x = y^2 - 1 \quad x = 2(y+1)$$

$$y^2 - 1 = 2(y+1)$$

$$y^2 - 2y - 3 = 0$$

$$(y-3)(y+1) = 0$$

$$y = 3, -1$$

$$\int_{-1}^3 (2(y+1) - (y^2-1)) dy$$

$$= \int_{-1}^3 (-y^2 + 2y + 3) dy$$

$$= \left(-\frac{1}{3}y^3 + y^2 + 3y \right) \Big|_{-1}^3$$

$$= (-9 + 9 + 9) - \left(\frac{1}{3} + 1 - 3 \right)$$

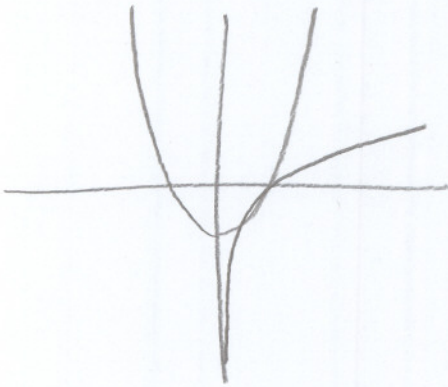
$$= 11 - \frac{1}{3}$$

$$= 10 \frac{2}{3}$$

1 POINT EACH

[3 POINTS]

Set up an integral to find the area of the region bounded by the curves $y = x^2 - 1$ and $y = \ln x$. Use fnInt to find the area.

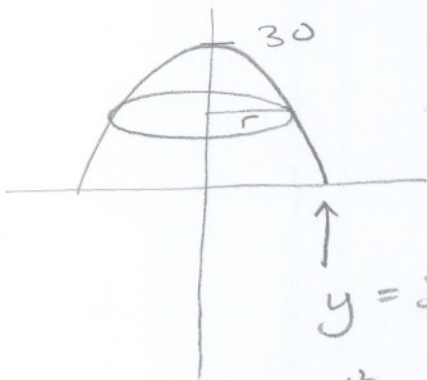


$$\int_{1.45076365}^1 (\ln x - (x^2 - 1)) dx$$

$$= 0.0563705145$$

[6 POINTS]

The outline of a dome is given by $y = 30 - \frac{x^2}{120}$ for $-60 \leq x \leq 60$ (units of feet), with circular cross sections perpendicular to the y-axis. Find its volume exactly (ie. not a decimal approximation, not using fnInt).



$$y = 30 - \frac{x^2}{120}$$

$$x^2 = 120(30 - y)$$

$$x = \sqrt{120(30 - y)}$$

$$A(y) = \pi r^2 \text{ WHERE } r = \sqrt{120(30 - y)}$$

$$= 120\pi(30 - y)$$

$$\int_0^{30} 120\pi(30 - y) dy$$

$$= 120\pi \int_0^{30} (30 - y) dy$$

$$= 120\pi (30y - \frac{1}{2}y^2) \Big|_0^{30}$$

$$= 120\pi (900 - 450)$$

$$= 54,000\pi \text{ ft}^3$$

MUST BE IN THIS FORM -
NOT A DECIMAL