

## THIS IS A NO CALCULATOR QUIZ

[4 POINTS] Solve the equation  $2\sin^2 x - 3\sin x - 2 = 0$ .

$$(2\sin x + 1)(\sin x - 2) = 0$$

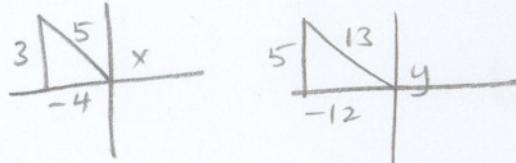
$$\sin x = -\frac{1}{2} \text{ OR } \sin x = 2$$

↑ IMPOSSIBLE

$$x = \frac{7\pi}{6} + 2n\pi \text{ OR } \frac{11\pi}{6} + 2n\pi$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \quad \frac{1}{2} \quad \frac{1}{2} \quad \frac{1}{2}$$

[3 POINTS] If  $\sin x = \frac{3}{5}$  and  $\cos y = -\frac{12}{13}$ , and both  $x$  and  $y$  are in Quadrant 2, find the value of  $\cos(x-y)$ .



$$\begin{aligned} & \cos(x-y) \\ &= \cos x \cos y + \sin x \sin y \\ &= \left(-\frac{4}{5}\right)\left(-\frac{12}{13}\right) + \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)\left(\frac{5}{13}\right) \\ &= \frac{48}{65} + \frac{15}{65} \\ &= \frac{63}{65} \end{aligned}$$

[1 POINTS] Write  $\cos 5x \sin 7x - \cos 7x \sin 5x$  as the sine, [2 POINTS] Solve the equation  $\cos \frac{x}{2} = -\frac{1}{2}$ .

$$\begin{aligned} & \sin(7x - 5x) \\ &= \sin \frac{2x}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{x}{2} &= \frac{2\pi}{3} + 2n\pi \text{ OR } \frac{4\pi}{3} + 2n\pi \\ \frac{x}{2} &= \frac{4\pi}{3} + 4n\pi \text{ OR } \frac{8\pi}{3} + 4n\pi \end{aligned}$$