EXAMPLE 1:

SOLVE $9 - 2\sqrt{3x+1} = 1$.

For your homework, you only need to show

- the algebra (shown in the rightmost column below),
- the check, and
- the final answer.

You do not need to include all the English below.

Overview:

- First we get the square root on one side by itself. Then we square both sides to get rid of the square root.

Then we solve the remaining equation using old techniques.

			SOLUT IN THIS	ION SHOWN S COLUMN ↓	
Starting with			$9 - 2\sqrt{2}$	3x+1 = 1	
Subtract 9 from both sides	$9 - 2\sqrt{3x + 1} - 9 = 1 - 9$	•	$-2\sqrt{3x}$	$\overline{c+1} = -8$	
Divide both sides by -2	$\frac{-2\sqrt{3x+1}}{-2} = \frac{-8}{-2}$	•	$\sqrt{3x+1}$	$\overline{\mathfrak{l}}=4$	
Square both sides	$(\sqrt{3x+1})^2 = (4)^2$	•	3 <i>x</i> + 1 =	= 16	
At this point, the equation is like other equations we've solved in beginning algebra.So, we will use old techniques from this point onward.					
Subtract 1 from both sides	3x + 1 - 1 = 16 - 1	•	3x = 15	5	
Divide both sides by 3	$\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{15}{3}$	•	<i>x</i> = 5		
Check the answer in the original eq	<u>quation</u>		<i>x</i> = 5 :	$9 - 2\sqrt{3(5) + 1} = 9 - 2\sqrt{16} = 9 - 2(4) = 9 - 8 = 1$	

So, x = 5 is a solution.

The final answer is x = 5.

EXAMPLE 2:

SOLVE
$$\sqrt{x+5} + x = 7$$
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For your homework, you only need to show

- the algebra (shown in the rightmost column below),
- the check, and
- the final answer.

You do not need to include all the English below.

Overview:

- First we get the square root on one side by itself.
- Then we square both sides to get rid of the square root.

Then we solve the remaining equation using old techniques.

Starting with			SOLUTION SHOWN IN THIS COLUMN $\sqrt{x+5} + x = 7$
Starting with Subtract x from both sides	$\sqrt{x+5} + x - x = 7 - x$	•	$\sqrt{x+5} + x = 7$ $\sqrt{x+5} = 7 - x$
Square both sides	$(\sqrt{x+5})^2 = (7-x)^2$	•	$x + 5 = 49 - 14x + x^2$

At this point, the equation is like other equations we've solved in beginning algebra. So, we will use old techniques from this point onward.

Subtract x + 5 from both sides

$$x + 5 - (x + 5) = 49 - 14x + x^{2} - (x + 5) \qquad \Rightarrow \qquad 0 = x^{2} - 15x + 44$$
$$\Rightarrow \qquad 0 = (x - 4)(x - 11)$$

Factor

Since the product of 2 factors is 0, one of the factors must be 0

$$x - 4 = 0$$
 or $x - 11 = 0$
 \Rightarrow $x = 4$ or $x = 11$

•

Check both answers in the original equation

$$\sqrt{4+5}+4 \qquad \sqrt{11+5}+11 \\ x = 4 : = \sqrt{9}+4 \qquad x = 11: = \sqrt{16}+11 \\ = 3+4 \qquad = 4+11 \\ = 7 \qquad = 15 \\ \text{So, } x = 4 \text{ is a solution.} \qquad \text{So, } x = 11 \text{ is not a a solution } (x = 11 \text{ is extraneous).}$$

The final answer is x = 4.