Math 1B (7:30am – 8:20am) Quiz 5 Fri Oct 30, 2009



SCORE: ____ / 20 POINTS

NO CALCULATORS ALLOWED

State the Integral Mean Value Theorem. NO PARTIAL CREDIT.

SCORE: ____ / 2 POINTS

SEE DEFINITIONS AND THEOREMS HANDOUT FOR CORRECT ANSWER

Find the length of the curve
$$y = x^{\frac{1}{2}} - \frac{1}{3}x^{\frac{3}{2}}$$
 on [1, 4].

SCORE: ____ / 4 POINTS

$$\int_{1}^{4} \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{1}{2}x^{-\frac{1}{2}} - \frac{1}{2}x^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)^{2}} dx \leftarrow 1 \text{ PT FOR INTEGRAL} = \left(x^{\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{1}{3}x^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)_{1}^{4} \leftarrow 1 \text{ PT FOR ANTIDERIVATIVE}$$

$$= \int_{1}^{4} \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{1}{4}x^{-1} - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4}x\right)} dx \leftarrow \frac{1}{2} \text{ PT FOR EXPANDING} = \left(2 + \frac{8}{3}\right) - \left(1 + \frac{1}{3}\right) \leftarrow \frac{1}{4} \text{ PT FOR SUBSTITUTING}$$

$$= \int_{1}^{4} \sqrt{\frac{1}{4}x^{-1}} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4}x dx \leftarrow \frac{1}{4} \text{ PT FOR SIMPLIFYING} = 1 + \frac{7}{3}$$

$$= \int_{1}^{4} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^{-\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{1}{2}x^{\frac{1}{2}}\right) dx \leftarrow \frac{1}{2} \text{ PT FOR SIMPLIFYING} = \frac{10}{3} \leftarrow \frac{1}{3} \text{ PT FOR ANSWER}$$

The shaded area bounded by $x^2 + y^2 = 20$ and $x = y^2$ is revolved around x = 0. Find the volume of the resulting solid.

SCORE: ____ / 4 POINTS

SCORE: / 2 POINTS

$$\int_{-1}^{2} 2\pi (2-x)(x^{2}+1) dx \leftarrow \frac{1}{2} \text{ PT FOR INTEGRAL} = 2\pi \left(2(2-1) - \frac{(4-1)}{2} + \frac{2(8-1)}{3} - \frac{(16-1)}{4} \right)$$
$$= 2\pi \int_{-1}^{2} (2-x+2x^{2}-x^{3}) dx \leftarrow \frac{1}{2} \text{ PT FOR EXPANDING} = 2\pi \left(6 - \frac{3}{2} + 6 - \frac{15}{4} \right) \qquad \uparrow \frac{1}{2} \text{ PT FOR SUBSTITUTING}$$
$$= 2\pi \left(2x - \frac{x^{2}}{2} + \frac{2x^{3}}{3} - \frac{x^{4}}{4} \right) \Big|_{-1}^{2} \leftarrow 1 \text{ PT FOR ANTIDERIVATIVE} = \frac{27\pi}{2} \leftarrow \frac{1}{2} \text{ PT FOR ANSWER}$$

Give the complete definition of the definite integral. NO PARTIAL CREDIT.

SEE DEFINITIONS AND THEOREMS HANDOUT FOR CORRECT ANSWER

A spherical tank of radius 10 feet is filled with water (density = 62.4 lb/ft^3). Write an integral for the work done **SCORE:** / 4 **POINTS** in pumping half the water out of the top of the tank. **DO NOT EVALUATE THE INTEGRAL.**

THERE ARE MANY DIFFERENT WAYS TO WRITE THIS INTEGRAL, DEPENDING ON THE SCALE USED

FIND THE SCALE BELOW THAT MATCHES YOURS: ½ PT FOR CORRECT LOWER LIMIT OF INTEGRATION ½ PT FOR CORRECT UPPER LIMIT OF INTEGRATION ½ PT FOR 62.4 ¼ PT FOR π 1 PT FOR CORRECT DISPLACEMENT FORMULA (THE FACTOR BELOW THAT COMES RIGHT AFTER 62.4π) 1 PT FOR CORRECT AREA FORMULA (THE FACTOR BELOW THAT COMES JUST BEFORE dx) ¼ PT FOR dx

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If	x = 10 is the top of the tank,	If	x = -10 is the top of the tank,
	x = 0 is the middle,		x = 0 is the middle,
	x = -10 is the bottom,		x = 10 is the bottom,
then	work = $\int_{0}^{10} 62.4\pi (10-x)(100-x^2) dx$	then	work = $\int_{-10}^{0} 62.4\pi (10+x)(100-x^2) dx$
If	x = 0 is the top of the tank,	If	x = 20 is the top of the tank,
	x = 10 is the middle,		x = 10 is the middle,
	x = 20 is the bottom,		x = 0 is the bottom,
	10		20
then	work = $\int_{0}^{1} 62.4\pi (x)(100 - (10 - x)^2) dx$	then	work = $\int_{10} 62.4\pi (20-x)(100-(10-x)^2) dx$
	work = $\int_{0}^{10} 62.4\pi(x)(100 - (10 - x)^2) dx$ or $\int_{0}^{10} 62.4\pi(x)(100 - (x - 10)^2) dx$		or $\int_{10}^{20} 62.4\pi (20-x)(100-(x-10)^2) dx$
	or $\int_{0}^{10} 62.4\pi(x)(20x-x^2) dx$		work = $\int_{10}^{20} 62.4\pi (20 - x)(100 - (10 - x)^{2}) dx$ or $\int_{10}^{20} 62.4\pi (20 - x)(100 - (x - 10)^{2}) dx$ or $\int_{10}^{20} 62.4\pi (20 - x)(20x - x^{2}) dx$
If	x = 0 is the top of the tank,	 If	x = -20 is the top of the tank,
	x = -10 is the middle,		x = -10 is the middle,
	x = -20 is the bottom,		x = 0 is the bottom,
then	work = $\int_{-10}^{0} 62.4\pi(-x)(100-(10+x)^2) dx$	then	work = $\int_{-20}^{-10} 62.4\pi (20+x)(100-(10+x)^2) dx$
	work = $\int_{-10}^{0} 62.4\pi (-x)(100 - (10 + x)^{2}) dx$ or $\int_{-10}^{0} 62.4\pi (-x)(-20x - x^{2}) dx$		work = $\int_{-20}^{-10} 62.4\pi (20+x)(100-(10+x)^2) dx$ or $\int_{-20}^{-10} 62.4\pi (20+x)(-20x-x^2) dx$