Math 114		
Midterm	2	
Thu May	14,	200

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Name:

SCORE: \_\_\_\_\_/ 140 POINTS

- ALL PROBLEMS MUST BE SOLVED ALGEBRAICALLY TO EARN CREDIT
- PUT A BOX AROUND EACH FINAL ANSWER
- SHOW COMPLETE AND PROPER WORK TO EARN FULL CREDIT

Multiply and simplify: 
$$\frac{x^2 + 2x - 15}{x^2 - 7x + 6} \cdot \frac{x^2 - 3x - 18}{x^2 - 9}$$

$$= \underbrace{(\times + 5)(\times 3)}_{(\times - 1)(\times 6)} \cdot \underbrace{(\times - 3)(\times 3)}_{(\times + 3)(\times 3)}$$

SCORE: \_\_\_/9 POINTS

$$= \begin{array}{|c|c|}\hline x + 5 \\\hline x - 1 \\\hline \end{array}$$

Subtract and simplify:

$$\frac{x+2}{x^2-4x+4} - \frac{x-1}{x^2-7x+10}$$

$$x^{2}-4x+4=(x-2)^{2}$$
  
 $x^{2}-7x+10=(x-2)(x-5)$  score:

$$LCD = (x-2)^{2}(x-5)$$

ract and simplify: 
$$\frac{x+2}{x^2-4x+4} - \frac{x-1}{x^2-7x+10} \times \frac{x^2-4x+4}{x^2-7x+10} = (x-2)^{\frac{1}{2}} \times \frac{x-1}{x^2-7x+10} =$$

$$= \frac{(x^2 - 3x - 10) - (x^2 - 3x + 2)}{(x - 2)^2(x - 5)}$$

$$= \frac{-12}{(x-2)^2(x-5)}$$

Solve for 
$$x$$
:  $|8-3x| \le 2$ 

$$-2 \le 8 - 3 \times \le 2$$
  
 $-10 \le -3 \times \le -6$   
 $\frac{19}{3} \ge \times \ge 2$   
 $2 \le \times \le \frac{10}{3}$ 

Write a proportion for, but **DO NOT SOLVE**:

SCORE: \_\_\_/ 4 POINTS

DY's car can travel 587 miles on 12 gallons of biofuel. How many gallons of biofuel will DY need to travel 869 miles?

$$\frac{587}{12} = \frac{869}{\times}$$

$$\frac{2}{x+4} + \frac{x-4}{x-2}$$

$$= \frac{2(x-2)}{(x+4)(x-2)} + \frac{(x-4)(x+4)}{(x-2)(x+4)}$$

$$= \frac{2x-4+x^2-16}{(x+4)(x-2)}$$

$$= \frac{x^2+2x-20}{(x+4)(x-2)}$$

Fill in the blanks: The equation of the horizontal asymptote for 
$$y = \frac{3-4x}{11x+5}$$
 is  $y = \frac{3-4x}{11}$ 

The equation of the vertical asymptote for 
$$y = \frac{3-4x}{11x+5}$$
 is  $x = -\frac{5}{11}$ .  $x = -\frac{5}{11}$ .

$$11 \times +5 = 0$$

$$\times = -5$$

Simplify:

$$\frac{\frac{5}{x-3} + \frac{2}{x}}{\frac{4}{x-3} - \frac{3}{x}} \cdot \frac{\times (\times -3)}{\times (\times -3)}$$

$$= \frac{5 \times + 2(\times - 3)}{4 \times - 3(\times - 3)}$$

$$= \frac{5 \times + 2 \times - 6}{4 \times - 3 \times + 9} = \frac{7 \times - 6}{\times + 9}$$

Solve for *x*:

$$|2x - 5| + 9 = 12$$

## **CHECK YOUR ANSWER(S)**

$$|2x-5|=3$$
  
 $2x-5=3$  or  $2x-5=-3$   
 $2x=8$  or  $2x=2$   
 $x=4$  or  $x=1$ 

CHECK:  

$$X=4 | 2(4)-5|+9$$
  
 $= |3|+9$   
 $= |2|$   
 $X=1 | 2(1)-5|+9$   
 $= |-3|+9$   
 $= |2|$ 

$$\frac{2x^2 - 4x}{x^2 - 5x - 6} - \frac{x^2 - x + 4}{x^2 - 5x - 6}$$

SCORE: \_\_\_ / 9 POINTS

$$=\frac{x^2-3x-4}{x^2-5x-6}$$

$$= \frac{(x-4)(x+1)}{(x-6)(x+1)}$$

$$\frac{\frac{5}{x-2}-4}{3+\frac{7}{x-2}} \cdot \frac{\times -2}{\times -2}$$

$$= 5 - 4(x-2)$$

$$3(x-2) + 7$$

$$=\frac{5-4x+8}{3x-6+7}=\boxed{\frac{-4x+13}{3x+1}}$$

$$\frac{12x-8}{x^2-16} \div \frac{9x^2-4}{2x+8}$$

$$= \frac{12x-8}{x^2-16}, \frac{2x+8}{9x^2-4}$$

$$=\frac{4(3x-2)}{(x+4)(x-4)}\cdot\frac{2(x+4)}{(3x+2)(3x-2)}=\frac{8}{(x-4)(3x+2)}$$

$$\frac{6x^2 - x - 12}{2x^2 - 11x + 12}$$

$$= (3x+4)(2x-3)$$

$$(2x-3)(x-4)$$

$$= 3x + 4$$

$$x - 4$$

$$\frac{6x^2 - x - 12}{2x^2 + 11x + 12}$$

$$6(-12) = -72 = RS$$

$$-1 = R+S$$

$$-9,8$$

$$6\times^{2}-9\times+8\times-12$$

$$= 3\times(2\times-3)+4(2\times-3)$$

$$6(-12) = -72 = RS$$

$$-1 = R+S$$

$$-9,8$$

$$6\times^{2}-9\times+8\times-12$$

$$= 3\times(2\times-3)+4(2\times-3)$$

$$2(12) = 24 = RS$$

$$-1 = R+S$$

$$-8,-3$$

$$2\times^{2}-8\times-3\times+12$$

$$= 2\times(\times-4)-3(\times-4)$$

$$= (3x+4)(2x-3) = (2x-3)(x-4)$$

Solve:

A number divided by fifteen is equal to four divided by the sum of that number and four. Find the number. CHECK YOUR ANSWER(S).

SCORE: / 9 POINTS

$$\frac{x}{15} = \frac{4}{x+4}$$

$$x^{2}+4x = 60$$

$$x^{2}+4x-60=0$$

$$\times = -10 \text{ or } \times = 6$$
  
CHECK:  $\times = -10 \frac{-10}{15} = -\frac{2}{3} \frac{4}{-1044} = \frac{4}{-6} = -\frac{2}{3}$ 

$$\frac{4}{-1044} = \frac{4}{-6} = -\frac{2}{3} V$$

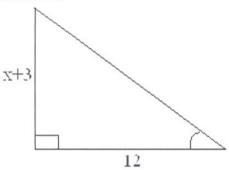
$$(x+10)(x-6)=0$$

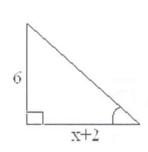
$$X = 6$$
  $\frac{6}{15} = \frac{2}{5}$   $\frac{4}{6+4} = \frac{4}{10} = \frac{2}{5}$ 

$$\frac{4}{6+4} = \frac{4}{10} = \frac{2}{5} \nu$$

SCORE: / 9 POINTS

Solve for x:





$$\frac{x+3}{12} = \frac{6}{x+2}$$

$$x^{2}+5x+6=72$$

$$x^{2}+5x-66=0$$

$$(x+11)(x-6)=0$$

$$x=-H \quad or \quad x=6$$

Solve:

The depth of an oil spill varies inversely as the square of the radius of the spill. SCORE: / 10 POINTS If an oil spill of radius 30 meters has a depth of 12 millimeters, find the depth of the spill when its radius was 20 meters. FOR FULL CREDIT, YOU MUST IDENTIFY WHAT ALL YOUR VARIABLES REPRESENT, FIND THE EQUATIONS CONNECTING THEM, AND SUMMARIZE YOUR FINAL ANSWER.

D= DEPTH OF SPILL

R= RADIUS OF SPILL

D= 
$$\frac{k}{12^2}$$
 $12 = \frac{k}{30^2}$ 
 $12 = \frac{k}{900} \Rightarrow k = 10800$ 

Solve for x:  $3 \times \sqrt{\frac{4}{x} - \frac{12}{x^2}} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} \sqrt{\frac{2}{\text{CHECK YOUR ANSWER(S)}}}$ 

SCORE: / 9 POINTS

$$12x-36=x^{2}$$
  
 $0=x^{2}-12x+36$   
 $0=(x-6)^{2}$   
 $x=6$ 

CHECK: 
$$\frac{4}{6} - \frac{12}{6^2}$$
  
=  $\frac{2}{3} - \frac{12}{36}$   
=  $\frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{3}$