SCORE: _____/ 140 POINTS

- ALL PROBLEMS MUST BE SOLVED ALGEBRAICALLY TO EARN CREDIT (NO GUESS & CHECK)
- PUT A BOX AROUND EACH FINAL ANSWER
- SHOW COMPLETE AND PROPER WORK TO EARN FULL CREDIT

Write a proportion for, but **DO NOT SOLVE**:

SCORE: ___/ 4 POINTS

SCORE: ___ / 10 POINTS

If 132 US dollars is equivalent to 881 Swedish kronor, 187 Swedish kronor is equivalent to how many US dollars?

$$\frac{132}{881} = \frac{\times}{187}$$

$$\frac{2x^2 - 7x + 6}{3x^2 - 4x - 4}$$

$$= (2 \times -3)(x-2)$$

$$(3 \times +2)(x-2)$$

$$= \frac{2 \times -3}{3 \times +2}$$

Solve:

A number divided by ten is equal to four divided by three less than that number. Find the number. **CHECK YOUR ANSWER(S).**

$$\frac{x}{10} = \frac{4}{x-3}$$

$$(x-8)(x+5)$$

$$x = 8, -5$$

$$x = 8 = \frac{8}{10} = \frac{4}{5}$$

SCORE: ___/ 10 POINTS

Solve:

The area of a rental storage unit varies directly as its monthly rent and inversely as its height. SCORE: ___/12 POINTS A 30 square foot storage unit that is 7 feet tall rents for \$75 per month. What is the area of an 8 foot tall storage unit that rents for \$120 per month? FOR FULL CREDIT, YOU MUST IDENTIFY WHAT ALL YOUR VARIABLES REPRESENT, FIND THE SPECIFIC EQUATION CONNECTING THEM, AND SUMMARIZE YOUR FINAL ANSWER IN A SENTENCE USING THE CORRECT UNITS OF MEASUREMENT.

$$a = AREA$$
 $r = RENT$
 $h = HEIGHT$
 $a = \frac{kr}{h}$
 $a = \frac{2.8r}{h}$
 $a = \frac{2.8(120)}{8}$
 $a = \frac{14}{5}$ or 2.8
 $a = 42$

THE STORAGE UNIT IS 42 SQUARE FEET.

Solve for
$$x$$
:
$$\frac{3}{x^2 - x - 2} - \frac{2}{x^2 - 2x} = \frac{2}{x^2 + x}$$
 CHECK YOUR ANSWER(S) SCORE: __/12 POINTS
$$\times (x+1)(x-2) \left[\frac{3}{(x-2)(x+1)} - \frac{2}{x(x-2)} \right] = \left[\frac{2}{x(x+1)} \right] \times (x+1)(x-2)$$

$$3 \times - 2(x+1) = 2(x-2)$$

$$3 \times - 2 \times -2 = 2x - 4$$

$$\times - 2 = 2x - 4$$

$$2 = x$$
NO SOLUTION

SCORE: / 10 POINTS

Divide and simplify:
$$\frac{4x^{2}-9}{6x-12} \div \frac{4x^{2}-6x}{9x-18}$$

$$= \frac{4 \times ^{2}-9}{6 \times -12} \cdot \frac{9 \times -18}{4 \times -6 \times 3}$$

$$= \underbrace{(2 \times +3)(2 \times -3)}_{2} \cdot \underbrace{(2 \times -3)}_{2}$$

$$= \underbrace{(3 \times (2 \times +3))}_{2}$$

$$\frac{\frac{3}{x+2} - \frac{5}{x}}{\frac{7}{x} + \frac{1}{x+2}} \times \frac{\times (\times + 2)}{\times (\times + 2)}$$

$$+2$$
 $\times (x+2)$ $\times -5(x+2)$

$$=\frac{3\times-5(x+2)}{7(x+2)+x}$$

$$= \frac{3 \times -5 \times -10}{7 \times +14 + \times}$$

$$\Rightarrow = \frac{-2 \times -10}{8 \times + 14}$$

$$= \frac{-2(x+5)}{2(4x+7)}$$

$$= \frac{-2(x+5)}{2(4x+7)} = \frac{-(x+5)}{4x+7}$$

SCORE: ___ / 10 POINTS

Subtract and simplify:

$$\frac{4x^2 - 5x + 12}{x^2 + 2x - 15} - \frac{3x^2 + 4x - 6}{x^2 + 2x - 15}$$

$$= \times^2 - 9 \times + 18$$

$$= \frac{(x-3)(x-6)}{(x-3)(x+5)} = \frac{x-6}{x+5}$$

Simplify:

$$\frac{4}{x-3}$$
 -5 \times -3 \times -3

$$\frac{7+\frac{2}{x-3}}{\times -3}$$

$$= 4 - 5(x-3)$$

$$7(x-3)+2$$

$$= \frac{4-5\times+15}{7\times-21+2} = \frac{-5\times+19}{7\times-19}$$

$$\frac{-5x + 19}{7x - 19}$$

SCORE: ___ / 10 POINTS

Multiply and simplify:

$$\frac{2x^2-32}{x^2-7x+6} \cdot \frac{x^2-3x-18}{x^2-x-12}$$

$$= \frac{2(x^2-16)}{(x-1)(x-6)} \cdot \frac{(x-6)(x+3)}{(x-4)(x+3)}$$

$$= 2(x+4)$$

SCORE: ___ / 10 POINTS

Subtract and simplify:
$$\frac{x+1}{x^2+5x+6} - \frac{x-1}{x^2+7x+10}$$

$$= \frac{x+1}{(x+2)(x+3)} - \frac{x+5}{x+5} - \frac{x-1}{(x+2)(x+5)} - \frac{x+3}{x+3}$$

$$= \frac{x^2+6x+5-(x^2+2x-3)}{(x+2)(x+3)(x+5)}$$

$$= \frac{4(x+2)}{(x+2)(x+3)(x+5)} = \frac{4}{(x+2)(x+3)(x+5)}$$

Fill in the blanks: The equation of the vertical asymptote for
$$y = \frac{7-6x}{10x+5}$$
 is $x = -\frac{1}{2}$. SCORE: ___/10 POINTS

The equation of the horizontal asymptote for $y = \frac{7-6x}{10x+5}$ is $y = -\frac{3}{5}$.

Add and simplify:
$$\frac{3}{x-1} + \frac{x+4}{x-4}$$
 SCORE: __/10 POINTS

$$= \frac{3(x-4) + (x+4)(x-1)}{(x-1)(x-4)}$$

$$= \frac{3x-12 + x^2 + 3x-4}{(x-1)(x-4)}$$

$$= \frac{x^2 + 6x - 16}{(x-1)(x-4)} = \frac{(x+8)(x-2)}{(x-1)(x-4)}$$

Solve for x in the following similar triangles:

SCORE: ___ / 10 POINTS

$$\frac{x+6}{9} = \frac{8}{x}$$

$$x(x+6) = 72$$

$$x^2+6x-72=0$$

$$(x+12)(x-6)=0$$

$$x=-1/2, 6$$