

SCORE: \_\_\_\_ / 140 POINTS

- YOU MUST SHOW LOGICAL, NEAT AND ORGANIZED WORK TO EARN FULL CREDIT
- IT MUST BE CLEAR HOW YOU ARRIVED AT YOUR ANSWER
- PUT A BOX AROUND YOUR FINAL ANSWER
- ALL FINAL ANSWERS WHICH ARE RADICALS MUST BE SIMPLIFIED
- ALL FRACTIONS MUST BE IN SIMPLEST FORM

Find the equation of the circle with center  $(6, -7)$  and radius 4.

SCORE: \_\_\_\_ / 6 POINTS

$$(x-6)^2 + (y+7)^2 = 4^2$$

$$\boxed{(x-6)^2 + (y+7)^2 = 16}$$

Simplify  $\sqrt{540}$ .

SCORE: \_\_\_\_ / 6 POINTS

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 | 540 \\ 2 | 270 \\ 3 | 135 \\ 3 | 45 \\ 3 | 15 \\ 5 | 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\boxed{6\sqrt{15}}$$

OR  $\sqrt{36}\sqrt{15} = 6\sqrt{15}$

Write using fractional and/or negative exponents (where applicable).

SCORE: \_\_\_\_ / 10 POINTS

[a]  $(\sqrt[3]{n})^8 = \boxed{n^{\frac{8}{3}}}$

[b]  $\sqrt[5]{b^{35}} = b^{\frac{35}{5}} = \boxed{b^7}$

[c]  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{p^9}} = \boxed{P^{-\frac{9}{2}}}$

Perform the indicated operations and simplify. Write your final answers using fractional exponents.

SCORE: \_\_\_\_ / 10 POINTS

[a]  $\frac{\sqrt[6]{w}}{\sqrt[8]{w}} = \frac{w^{\frac{1}{6}}}{w^{\frac{1}{8}}} = w^{\frac{1}{6}-\frac{1}{8}} = \boxed{w^{\frac{1}{24}}}$

[b]  $k^6 k^{\frac{3}{4}} = \boxed{k^{6+\frac{3}{4}}} = \boxed{k^{\frac{27}{4}}}$

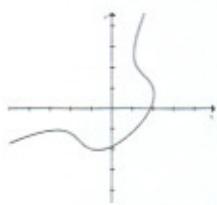
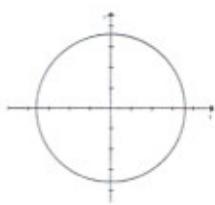
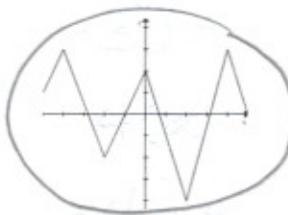
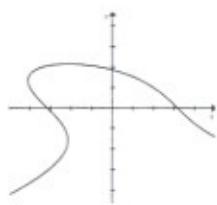
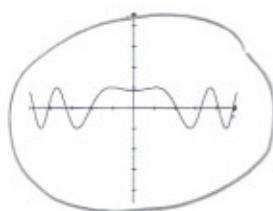
If  $f(x) = 2x^2 - 4x - 1$ , find  $f(a-3)$ .

SCORE: \_\_\_ / 8 POINTS

$$\begin{aligned}f(a-3) &= 2(a-3)^2 - 4(a-3) - 1 \\&= 2(a^2 - 6a + 9) - 4(a-3) - 1 \\&= 2a^2 - 12a + 18 - 4a + 12 - 1 \\&= \boxed{2a^2 - 16a + 29}\end{aligned}$$

Circle the two graphs below that represent functions.

SCORE: \_\_\_ / 6 POINTS



Solve  $|5-2x| \geq 11$ .

SCORE: \_\_\_ / 10 POINTS

$$5-2x \geq 11 \text{ or } 5-2x \leq -11$$

$$-2x \geq 6 \text{ or } -2x \leq -16$$

$$\boxed{x \leq -3 \text{ or } x \geq 8}$$

Perform the indicated operations and simplify. Write your final answers using radicals.

SCORE: \_\_\_ / 14 POINTS

[a]  $\sqrt{20g^5} \sqrt{3g^8}$

$$= \sqrt{60g^{13}}$$

$$= \boxed{2g^6\sqrt{15g}}$$

[b]  $(2\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{15})(2\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{3})$

$$= 4\sqrt{15} - 6 + 2\sqrt{75} - \sqrt{45}$$

$$= 4\sqrt{15} - 6 + 2(5\sqrt{3}) - 3\sqrt{5}$$

$$= \boxed{4\sqrt{15} - 3\sqrt{5} + 10\sqrt{3} - 6}$$

Simplify  $\sqrt{20r^7a^4v^9}$ . Write your final answer using radicals.

SCORE: \_\_\_ / 6 POINTS

$$\boxed{2r^3a^2\sqrt[4]{5rv}}$$

Rationalize the denominator and simplify.

SCORE: \_\_\_ / 12 POINTS

[a] 
$$\begin{aligned} \frac{4}{5\sqrt{6}} &= \frac{4}{5\sqrt{6}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{6}}{\sqrt{6}} \\ &= \frac{4\sqrt{6}}{30} \\ &= \boxed{\frac{2\sqrt{6}}{15}} \end{aligned}$$

[b] 
$$\begin{aligned} \frac{8}{5+\sqrt{3}} &= \frac{8}{5+\sqrt{3}} \cdot \frac{5-\sqrt{3}}{5-\sqrt{3}} \\ &= \frac{8(5-\sqrt{3})}{25-3} \\ &= \frac{8(5-\sqrt{3})}{22} \\ &= \boxed{\frac{20-4\sqrt{3}}{11}} \end{aligned}$$

Find the distance between the points  $(-4, -5)$  and  $(-6, 1)$ . Write your final answer using radicals.

SCORE: \_\_\_ / 6 POINTS

$$\begin{aligned} &\sqrt{(-6-(-4))^2 + (1-(-5))^2} \\ &= \sqrt{(-2)^2 + (6)^2} \\ &= \sqrt{40} = \boxed{2\sqrt{10}} \end{aligned}$$

Solve the equation  $17 - 2\sqrt{h} = 3$  using algebra. Check your answer(s).

SCORE: \_\_\_ / 8 POINTS

$$-2\sqrt{h} = -14$$

$$\text{CHECK: } 17 - 2\sqrt{49}$$

$$\sqrt{h} = 7$$

$$= 17 - 2(7)$$

$$\boxed{h = 49}$$

$$= 17 - 14$$

$$= 3$$

Find the center and radius of the circle  $x^2 + y^2 + 12x - 8y + 48 = 0$ .

SCORE: \_\_\_ / 10 POINTS

$$x^2 + 12x + 36 + y^2 - 8y + 16 = -48 + 36 + 16$$

$$(x+6)^2 + (y-4)^2 = 4$$

CENTER:  $(-6, 4)$

RADIUS:  $\sqrt{4} = 2$

Solve the equation  $m + \sqrt{7-m} = 1$  using algebra. Check your answer(s).

SCORE: \_\_\_ / 12 POINTS

$$\sqrt{7-m} = 1-m$$

$$7-m = (1-m)^2$$

$$7-m = 1-2m+m^2$$

$$0 = m^2 - m - 6$$

$$0 = (m-3)(m+2)$$

$$m = 3, -2$$

CHECK:

$$m=3 : 3 + \sqrt{7-3} = 3 + \sqrt{4} = 3 + 2 = 5$$

X

$$m=-2 : -2 + \sqrt{7-(-2)} = -2 + \sqrt{9}$$

$$= -2 + 3$$

$$= 1 \checkmark$$

$$\boxed{m = -2}$$

Divide. Rationalize the denominator and simplify.

SCORE: \_\_\_ / 6 POINTS

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{40}} = \sqrt{\frac{2}{40}} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{20}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{20}} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{5}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{5}} = \boxed{\frac{\sqrt{5}}{10}}$$

Solve  $3 + |4-x| = 9$ . Check your answer(s).

SCORE: \_\_\_ / 10 POINTS

$$|4-x|=6$$

$$4-x=6 \text{ or } 4-x=-6$$

$$-x=2 \text{ or } -x=-10$$

$$\boxed{x=-2 \text{ or } x=10}$$

CHECK:

$$x=-2 : 3 + |4 - (-2)| = 3 + |6| \\ = 9 \checkmark$$

$$x=10 : 3 + |4 - 10| = 3 + |-6| \\ = 9 \checkmark$$