## SCORE: \_\_\_\_\_/ 105 POINTS

## NO CALCULATORS ALLOWED

Fill in the blanks. Write "UNDEFINED" if the value does not exist. [NO NEED TO SHOW WORK]

SCORE: \_\_\_ / 21 POINTS

$$4^{\log_4(-16)} = UNDEFINED 9^{\log_9 7} = 7$$

$$9^{\log_9 7} = 7$$

$$\log_2 64 = 6$$

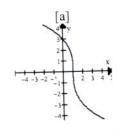
$$\log_6 6^0 = \bigcirc$$

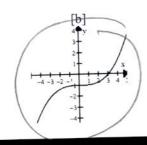
$$\log_8 0 = UNDEFINED \qquad \log_{12} 1 = O$$

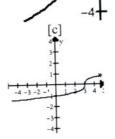
$$\log_{12} 1 = \bigcirc$$

Circle the graph of the inverse of the following function.

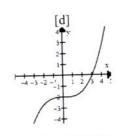


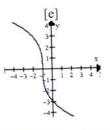






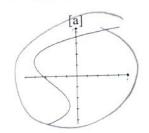
-4 -3 -2

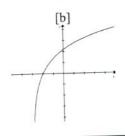


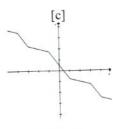


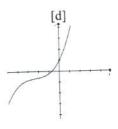
Circle the **two** graphs below which **DO NOT** represent one-to-one functions.

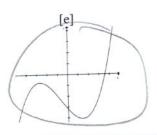
SCORE: \_\_\_/ 6 POINTS









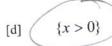


Circle the domain of  $f(x) = \log_5 x$ .

$$\{x=0\}$$

$$\{y>0\}$$

$${x > 5}$$



SCORE: \_\_\_/ 3 POINTS

R [e]

[e]

Circle the asymptote of  $f(x) = 4^x$ .

$$y = 4$$

$$x = 0$$

[c] 
$$x = 4$$

[d] 
$$y = 1$$

y = 0

## PUT A BOX AROUND EACH FINAL ANSWER



Find the equation of the asymptote of  $f(x) = 7 \log_5(4x + 12)$ . **SHOW PROPER WORK.** 

SCORE: \_\_\_ / 6 POINTS

$$4x+12=0$$

$$x=-3$$

Find the domain of the function 
$$f(x) = \frac{9}{2x+10} + 3$$
. **SHOW PROPER WORK.**

SCORE: \_\_\_/ 6 POINTS

$$2x+10 \neq 0$$
  $[x \neq -5]$ 

Write  $\log \frac{m^8}{ht^3}$  as the sums and/or differences and/or multiples of logarithms of single variables.

SCORE: \_\_\_ / 6 POINTS

Write  $\log 60 - \log 5 + \log 3$  as the logarithm of a single quantity. Simplify your answer.

SCORE: \_\_\_ / 6 POINTS

$$= \log \frac{69}{5} + \log 3$$
  
 $= \log 12 + \log 3$ 

Solve for x:  $4^{x+3} = 8^{2x+10}$ . SHOW PROPER WORK. CHECK YOUR ANSWER(S).  $(2^2)^{x+3} = (2^3)^{2x+10}$ 

SCORE: \_\_\_ / 9 POINTS

$$(2^{2})^{x+3} = (2^{3})^{2x+10}$$

$$2^{2(x+3)} = 2^{3(2x+10)}$$

$$2(x+3) = 3(2x+10)$$

$$2x+6 = 6x+30$$

$$4x = 24$$

$$x = -6$$

Find the range of the function 
$$f(x) = 9 - \sqrt{2 + x}$$
. **SHOW PROPER WORK.**

SCORE: \_\_\_/ 6 POINTS

$$\sqrt{2+x^{2}} = 0$$
 $-\sqrt{2+x^{2}} \le 0$ 
 $9-\sqrt{2+x^{2}} \le 9$ 
 $\frac{2y \le 9}{y \le 9}$ 

Find the inverse of the function 
$$f(x) = 8 - \sqrt{5 - x}$$
. **SHOW PROPER WORK.**

SCORE: / 9 POINTS

$$y = 8 - \sqrt{5 - x}$$
 $x = 8 - \sqrt{5 - y}$ 
 $x - 8 = -\sqrt{5 - y}$ 
 $8 - x = \sqrt{5 - y}$ 
 $(8 - x)^2 = 5 - y$ 

$$(8-x)^{2}-5=-y$$

$$5-(8-x)^{2}=y$$

$$f^{-1}(x)=5-(8-x)^{2}$$

Solve for x:  $3 + 2\log_3(8x + 1) = 11$ . **SHOW PROPER WORK.** CHECK YOUR ANSWER(S).

SCORE: \_\_\_/ 9 POINTS

$$2\log_{3}(8x+1)=8$$

$$\log_{3}(8x+1)=4$$

$$3^{4}=8x+1$$

$$81=8x+1$$

$$80=8x$$

$$x=10$$

CHECK: 
$$3+2\log_3(8(10)+1)$$
  
=  $3+2\log_381$   
=  $3+2(4)$   
=  $3+8$   
=  $11$ 

Solve for x:  $\log_2(14 - x) - \log_2(3x + 8) = 3$ . SHOW PROPER WORK. CHECK YOUR ANSWER(S). SCORE: \_\_\_ / 9 POINTS

$$|9|_{2} \frac{14-x}{3x+8} = 3$$

$$2^{3} = \frac{14-x}{3x+8}$$

$$8 = \frac{14-x}{3x+8}$$

$$8(3x+8) = 14-x$$

$$24x+64 = 14-x$$

$$\begin{array}{c} x = -50 \\ x = -2 \end{array}$$