## YOU MUST SHOW LOGICAL, NEAT AND ORGANIZED WORK TO EARN FULL CREDIT (NO GUESS & CHECK) IT MUST BE CLEAR HOW YOU ARRIVED AT YOUR ANSWER

[b]  $\sqrt[3]{b^{27}} = b^{\frac{27}{3}} = b^{9}$ 

- ➡ PUT A BOX AROUND YOUR FINAL ANSWER
- ♦ ALL FINAL ANSWERS WHICH ARE RADICALS MUST BE SIMPLIFIED
- ALL FRACTIONS MUST BE IN SIMPLEST FORM

Find the equation of the circle with center (7, -2) and radius 4.

$$\frac{(x-7)^2 + (y-(-2))^2}{(x-7)^2 + (y+2)^2} = 16$$

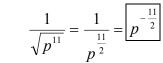
 $(\sqrt[4]{n})^{17} = n^{\frac{17}{4}}$ 

[a]

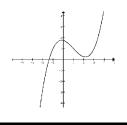
Write using fractional and/or negative exponents (where applicable).

## SCORE: \_\_\_/ 8 POINTS

SCORE: \_\_\_\_/ 6 POINTS



Circle the **two** graphs below that represent functions.



[c]

Simplify  $\sqrt{84r^{25}a^{36}v^{11}}$ . Write your final answer using radicals.

$$\sqrt{84}\sqrt{r^{25}}\sqrt{a^{36}}\sqrt{v^{11}}$$
  
=  $(2\sqrt{21})(r^{12}\sqrt{r})(a^{18})(v^5\sqrt{v})$   
=  $\boxed{2r^{12}a^{18}v^5\sqrt{21rv}}$ 

Simplify  $\sqrt{252}$ .

$$\sqrt{2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 7}$$
$$= (2 \times 3)\sqrt{7}$$
$$= \boxed{6\sqrt{7}}$$

SCORE: \_\_\_\_ / 6 POINTS

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SCORE: \_\_\_\_ / 6 POINTS

SCORE: \_\_\_\_ / 6 POINTS

Find the distance between the points (-6, 5) and (-4, -3). Write your final answer using radicals.

$$\sqrt{(-4 - (-6))^2 + (-3 - 5)^2}$$
  
=  $\sqrt{2^2 + (-8)^2}$   
=  $\sqrt{4 + 64}$   
=  $\sqrt{68}$   
=  $2\sqrt{17}$ 

Divide. Rationalize the denominator and simplify.

 $\frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{90}} = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{5}\sqrt{18}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{18}} = \frac{1}{3\sqrt{2}} = \frac{1}{3\sqrt{2}}\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{3(2)} = \boxed{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{6}}$ 

Translate the following sentence into an absolute value equation or inequality.

"x is at least 10 away from 7"

The distance between x and 7 is greater than or equal to 10  $|x-7| \ge 10$ 

If 
$$f(x) = 2x^2 - 5x - 6$$
, find  $f(a-3)$ .

 $2(a-3)^{2} - 5(a-3) - 6$ = 2(a<sup>2</sup> - 6a + 9) - 5a + 15 - 6 = 2a<sup>2</sup> - 12a + 18 - 5a + 15 - 6 = 2a<sup>2</sup> - 17a + 27

The equation 9 - |11 - 4x| = 2 has two solutions. One solution is x = 1. Find the other solution. Check your answer.

$-\left 11-4x\right =-$	-7		CHECK:	$9 - \left  11 - 4 \left( \frac{9}{2} \right) \right $
11 - 4x  = 7				= 9 -  11 - 18
11 - 4x = 7	OR	11 - 4x = -7		= 9 -  -7
-4x = -4	OR	-4x = -18		= 9 - 7
x = 1	OR	$x = \frac{9}{2}$		= 2 ✓

SCORE: \_\_\_\_ / 6 POINTS

SCORE: \_\_\_\_ / 6 POINTS

SCORE: \_\_\_\_ / 8 POINTS

SCORE: \_\_\_\_ / 8 POINTS

Find the center and radius of the circle  $x^2 + y^2 + 16x - 8y + 5 = 0$ .

$$x^{2} + 16x + y^{2} - 8y = -5$$
  

$$x^{2} + 16x + 64 + y^{2} - 8y + 16 = -5 + 64 + 16$$
  

$$(x + 8)^{2} + (y - 4)^{2} = 75$$
  
CENTER: (-8, 4)  
RADIUS:  $\sqrt{75} = 5\sqrt{3}$ 

 $\sqrt{21g^9}\sqrt{6g^{12}}$ 

 $=\sqrt{126}\sqrt{g^{21}}$ 

 $= (3\sqrt{14})(g^{10}\sqrt{g})$  $= 3g^{10}\sqrt{14g}$ 

[a]

Perform the indicated operations and simplify. Write your final answers using radicals.

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{Inswers using radicals.} & \text{SCO} \\ [b] & (2\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{15} - 3\sqrt{6}) \\ & = 2\sqrt{30} - 6\sqrt{12} + \sqrt{75} - 3\sqrt{30} \\ & = 2\sqrt{30} - 6(2\sqrt{3}) + 5\sqrt{3} - 3\sqrt{30} \\ & = 2\sqrt{30} - 12\sqrt{3} + 5\sqrt{3} - 3\sqrt{30} \\ & = \boxed{-\sqrt{30} - 7\sqrt{3}} \end{array}$$

Perform the indicated operations and simplify. Write your final answers using fractional exponents.

SCORE: \_\_\_\_ / 10 POINTS

$$[a] \quad \frac{\sqrt[6]{w}}{\sqrt[10]{w}} \qquad [b] \quad k^{6}k^{\frac{5}{8}} \\ = \frac{w^{\frac{1}{6}}}{w^{\frac{1}{10}}} \\ = w^{\frac{1}{6} - \frac{1}{10}} \\ = w^{\frac{5}{30} - \frac{3}{30}} \\ = \frac{2}{w^{\frac{3}{30}}} \\ = \frac{w^{\frac{1}{30}}}{w^{\frac{1}{15}}} \end{aligned}$$

Rationalize the denominator and simplify.

[a] 
$$\frac{21}{5\sqrt{14}} = \frac{21}{5\sqrt{14}} \frac{\sqrt{14}}{\sqrt{14}} = \frac{21\sqrt{14}}{5(14)} = \frac{3\sqrt{14}}{5(2)} = \frac{3\sqrt{14}}{10}$$
 [b]

$$\frac{27}{7+\sqrt{13}} = \frac{27}{7+\sqrt{13}} \frac{7-\sqrt{13}}{7-\sqrt{13}} = \frac{27(7-\sqrt{13})}{7^2-(\sqrt{13})^2}$$
$$= \frac{27(7-\sqrt{13})}{49-13} = \frac{27(7-\sqrt{13})}{36}$$
$$= \frac{3(7-\sqrt{13})}{4} = \boxed{\frac{21-3\sqrt{13}}{4}}$$

SCORE: \_\_\_\_/ 14 POINTS

Solve the equation  $17 - 3\sqrt{h} = 5$  using algebra. <u>Check your answer(s)</u>.

$-3\sqrt{h} = -12$	CHECK:	$17 - 3\sqrt{16}$
$\sqrt{h} = 4$		= 17 - 3(4)
$(\sqrt{h})^2 = (4)^2$		= 17 - 12
<i>h</i> = 16		= 5 🗸

Solve the equation  $m + \sqrt{31 - 6m} = 4$  using algebra. <u>Check your answer(s)</u>.

## SCORE: \_\_\_\_ / 12 POINTS

$\sqrt{31-6m} = 4-m$	CHECK:	m = 5	m = -3
$(\sqrt{31-6m})^2 = (4-m)^2$		$5 + \sqrt{31 - 6(5)}$	$-3 + \sqrt{31 - 6(-3)}$
$31 - 6m = 16 - 8m + m^2$		$= 5 + \sqrt{31 - 30}$	$= -3 + \sqrt{31 + 18}$
$0 = m^2 - 2m - 15$		$= 5 + \sqrt{1}$	$= -3 + \sqrt{49}$
0 = (m-5)(m+3)		= 5 + 1	= -3 + 7
m = 5 OR $m = -3$		= 6 ×	= 4 🗸

Solve  $|7-3x| \ge 8$ .

SCORE: \_\_\_\_ / 10 POINTS

The distance between 7 and 3x is greater than or equal to 8

$3x \leq -1$	OR	$3x \ge 15$
$x \le -\frac{1}{3}$	OR	$x \ge 5$

## **ALTERNATE SOLUTION:**

$7 - 3x \ge 8$	OR	$7-3x \leq -8$
$-3x \ge 1$	OR	$-3x \leq -15$
$x \leq -\frac{1}{3}$	OR	$x \ge 5$

