

SCORE: \_\_\_\_\_ / 105 POINTS

**NO CALCULATORS ALLOWED**

Fill in the blanks. Write “UNDEFINED” if the value does not exist. **[NO NEED TO SHOW WORK]**

SCORE: \_\_\_ / 21 POINTS

$\log_6 1 =$

$\log 100,000 =$

$7^{\log_7 11} =$

$\log_3(-9) =$

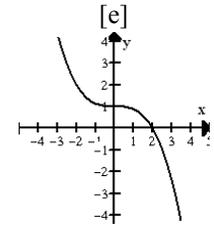
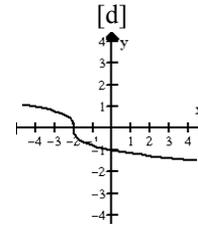
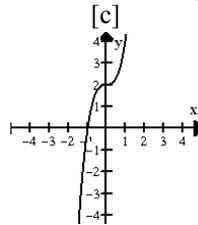
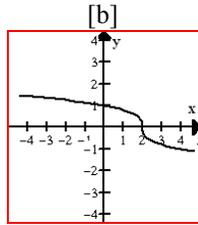
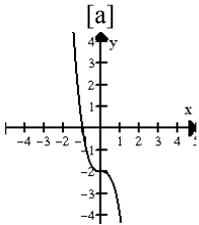
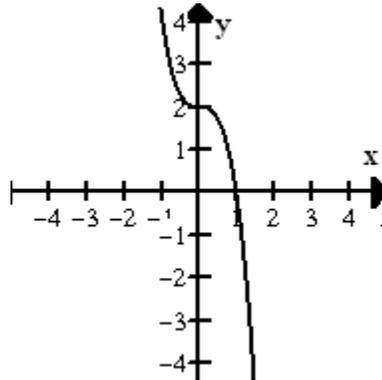
$2^{\log_2 0} =$

$\log_3 81 =$

$\log_5 5^{-4} =$

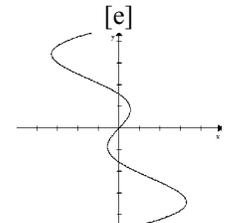
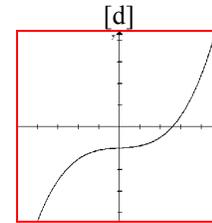
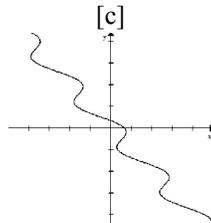
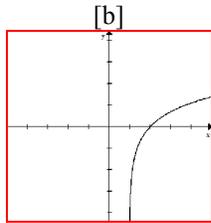
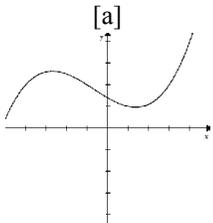
Circle the graph of the inverse of the following function.

SCORE: \_\_\_ / 6 POINTS



Circle the **two** graphs below which represent one-to-one functions.

SCORE: \_\_\_ / 6 POINTS



Circle the asymptote of  $f(x) = 8^x$ .

SCORE: \_\_\_ / 3 POINTS

[a]  $x = 8$

[b]  $y = 8$

[c]

[d]  $x = 0$

[e]  $y = 1$

Circle the domain of  $f(x) = \log_7 x$ .

SCORE: \_\_\_ / 3 POINTS

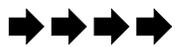
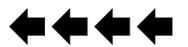
[a]  $\mathbf{R}$

[b]  $\{x \neq 7\}$

[c]  $\{x > 7\}$

[d]  $\{x \neq 0\}$

[e]

**PUT A BOX AROUND EACH FINAL ANSWER**Find the range of the function  $f(x) = 4 - \sqrt{7-x}$ . **SHOW PROPER WORK.**

SCORE: \_\_\_ / 6 POINTS

$$\sqrt{7-x} \geq 0$$

$$-\sqrt{7-x} \leq 0$$

$$4 - \sqrt{7-x} \leq 4$$

$$y \leq 4$$

Find the inverse of the function  $f(x) = 9 - \sqrt{2-x}$ . **SHOW PROPER WORK.**

SCORE: \_\_\_ / 9 POINTS

$$y = 9 - \sqrt{2-x}$$

$$x = 9 - \sqrt{2-y}$$

$$x - 9 = -\sqrt{2-y}$$

$$(x-9)^2 = (-\sqrt{2-y})^2$$

$$(x-9)^2 = 2-y$$

$$y + (x-9)^2 = 2$$

$$y = 2 - (x-9)^2$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = 2 - (x-9)^2$$

Solve for  $x$ :  $\log_2(17-5x) - \log_2(x+7) = 3$ . **SHOW PROPER WORK. CHECK YOUR ANSWER(S).**

SCORE: \_\_\_ / 9 POINTS

$$\log_2 \frac{17-5x}{x+7} = 3$$

$$2^{\log_2 \frac{17-5x}{x+7}} = 2^3$$

$$\frac{17-5x}{x+7} = 8$$

$$17-5x = 8(x+7)$$

$$17-5x = 8x+56$$

$$-13x = 39$$

$$x = -3$$

CHECK:  $\log_2(17-5(-3)) - \log_2(-3+7)$

$$= \log_2(17+15) - \log_2 4$$

$$= \log_2 32 - \log_2 4$$

$$= 5 - 2$$

$$= 3$$

Solve for  $x$ :  $2 + 3\log_6(5x+1) = 8$ . **SHOW PROPER WORK. CHECK YOUR ANSWER(S).**

SCORE: \_\_\_ / 9 POINTS

$$3\log_6(5x+1) = 6$$

$$\log_6(5x+1) = 2$$

$$6^{\log_6(5x+1)} = 6^2$$

$$5x+1 = 36$$

$$5x = 35$$

$$x = 7$$

CHECK:  $2 + 3\log_6(5(7)+1)$

$$= 2 + 3\log_6(35+1)$$

$$= 2 + 3\log_6 36$$

$$= 2 + 3(2)$$

$$= 2 + 6$$

$$= 8$$

Find the domain of the function  $f(x) = \frac{7}{2x+6} + 5$ . **SHOW PROPER WORK.**

SCORE: \_\_\_ / 6 POINTS

$$2x + 6 \neq 0$$

$$x \neq -3$$

Find the equation of the asymptote of  $f(x) = 4\log_2(3x+15)$ . **SHOW PROPER WORK.**

SCORE: \_\_\_ / 6 POINTS

$$3x + 15 = 0$$

$$x = -5$$

Write  $\log \frac{z^4}{yx^5}$  as the sums and/or differences and/or multiples of logarithms of single variables.

SCORE: \_\_\_ / 6 POINTS

$$\log z^4 - \log yx^5$$

$$= \log z^4 - (\log y + \log x^5)$$

$$= 4 \log z - (\log y + 5 \log x)$$

$$= 4 \log z - \log y - 5 \log x$$

Write  $\log 48 - \log 6 + \log 4$  as the logarithm of a single quantity. **Simplify your answer.**

SCORE: \_\_\_ / 6 POINTS

$$\log \frac{48}{6} + \log 4$$

$$= \log 8 + \log 4$$

$$= \log(8 \times 4)$$

$$= \log 32$$

Solve for  $x$ :  $8^{x+3} = 4^{2x+7}$ . **SHOW PROPER WORK. CHECK YOUR ANSWER(S).**

SCORE: \_\_\_ / 9 POINTS

$$(2^3)^{x+3} = (2^2)^{2x+7}$$

$$2^{3(x+3)} = 2^{2(2x+7)}$$

$$3(x+3) = 2(2x+7)$$

$$3x+9 = 4x+14$$

$$x = -5$$

CHECK:

$$8^{-5+3} = 8^{-2} = \frac{1}{64}$$

$$4^{2(-5)+7} = 4^{-3} = \frac{1}{64}$$