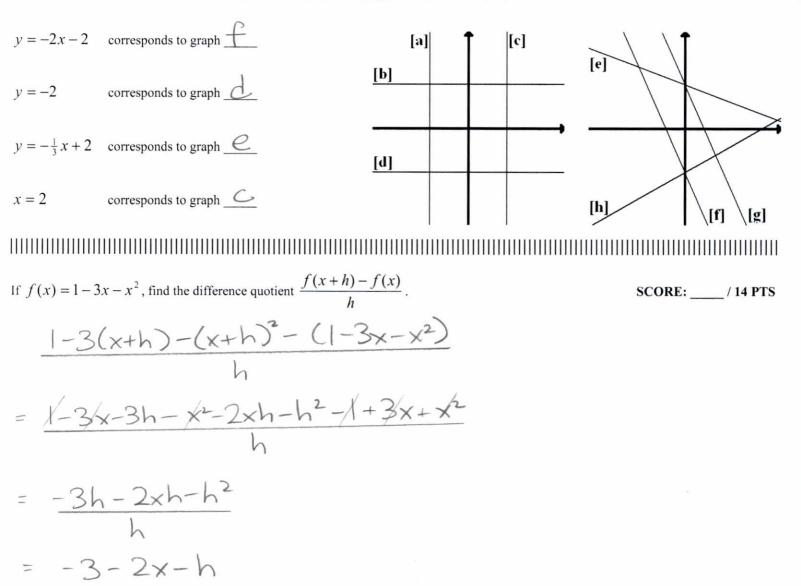
Match the equations of 4 lines (on the right) to the corresponding graphs (on the left). Each equation corresponds to only one graph, so some graphs do <u>NOT</u> correspond to any equation.

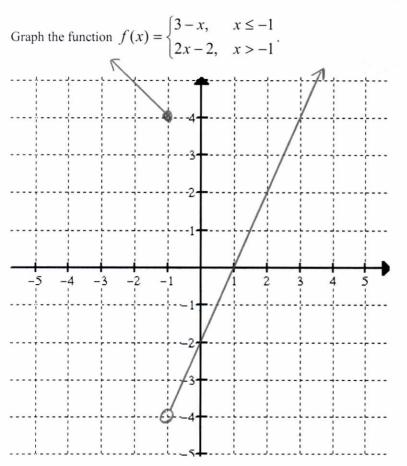


Find the domain of  $f(x) = \sqrt{4 - |x - 2|}$ .  $4 - |x - 2| \ge 0$ SCORE: \_\_\_\_/ 14 PTS

$$|x-2| \le 4$$
  
-4  $\le x-2 \le 4$ 

$$-2 \leq x \leq 6$$

SCORE: \_\_\_\_/ 14 PTS



## 

One night a week for 30 weeks, students in a science class counted the average number of cricket chirps per SCORE: \_\_\_\_ / 10 PTS minute at 11 pm, and noted the outside temperature. Their data fit the linear relationship  $T = \frac{1}{4}C + 37$ , where T was the temperature in degrees Fahrenheit (°F), and C was the number of cricket chirps per minute.

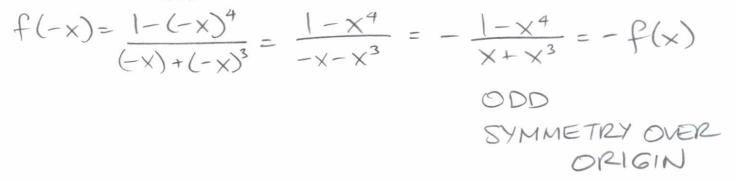
[a] Which one of the following statements about the slope is true ? Circle the number of the correct answer.

[1]	The slope tells us how much the temperature generally increased for each extra cricket chirp per minute .
[2]	The slope tells us, on average, how many extra times per minute the crickets chirped when the temperature increased one degree.
[3]	The slope tells us the average rate that the number of cricket chirps increased each week.

- [4] The slope tells us the average rate that the temperature increased each week.
- [5] Statements [1] through [4] are all false.
- [b] Which one of the following statements about the T intercept is true ? <u>Circle the number of the correct answer.</u>
  - [i] The T intercept tells us the average number of cricket chirps per minute when the temperature was 0.
  - [ii] The T intercept tells us the temperature when the students started counting the cricket chirps.
  - [iii] The T intercept tells us the temperature at which the crickets stopped chirping.
  - [iv] The T intercept tells us the temperature at which the crickets were chirping 37 times per minute.
  - [v] Statements [i] through [iv] are all false.

Determine if the function  $f(x) = \frac{1 - x^4}{x + x^3}$  is even, odd or neither, and describe the symmetry.

SCORE: \_\_\_\_ / 10 PTS



Consider the function  $g(x) = 2\sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}x+1}$ . =  $2\sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}(x-3)}$ 

SCORE: \_\_\_\_ / 22 PTS

[a] What parent function f is the graph of g based on ?

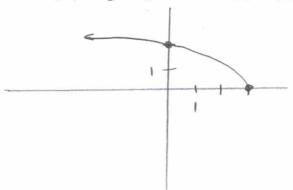
$$f(x) = \sqrt{x}$$

[b] Describe the sequence of transformations from f to g (in the correct order). REFLECT HORIZONTALLY OVER Y-AXIS STRETCH VERTICALLY AWAY FROM X-AXIS (FACTOR 2) STRETCH HORIZONTALLY AWAY FROM Y-AXIS (FACTOR 3) SHIFT RIGHT 3

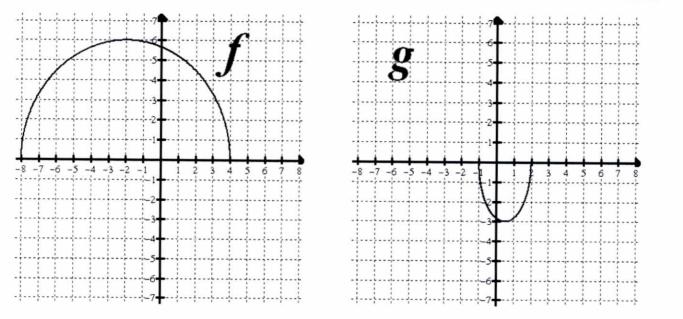
[c] The points (0, 0) and (1, 1) were on the graph of f. What points on the graph of g were those points transformed into?

$$(0,0) \to (0,0) \to (0,0) \to (0,0) \to (3,0)$$
$$(1,1) \to (-1,1) \to (-1,2) \to (-3,2) \to (0,2)$$

[d] Sketch the graph of g using the answers to [b] and [c]. Label the answers to [c] on the graph.



Consider the functions f and g shown below.



[a] Describe the sequence of transformations from f to g (in the correct order).

REFLECT VERTICALLY OVER X-AXIS REFLECT HORIZONTALLY OVER Y-AXIS COMPRESS VERTICALLY TOWARDS X-AXIS (FACTOR 2) COMPRESS HORIZONTALLY TOWARDS Y-AXIS (FACTOR 2)

[b] Use function notation to write g in terms of f.

$$g(x) = - \pm f(-4x)$$

Write the linear function f such that f(5) = -3 and f(-1) = -7.

SCORE: \_\_\_\_ / 14 PTS

$$m = \frac{-7 - -3}{-1 - 5} = \frac{-4}{-6} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{2}{3}x + b$$

$$f(5) = \frac{2}{3}(5) + b$$

$$-3 = \frac{19}{3} + b$$

$$-\frac{19}{3} = b$$

$$f(x) = \frac{2}{3}x - \frac{19}{3}$$

(5, -3) (-1, -7)

Complete the following definition:

SCORE: \_\_\_\_\_ / 4 PTS

A function f has a local minimum at x = a if and only if f(x) 2 f(a) FOR ALL X IN AN INTERVAL AROUND Q If f(x) = 5 - x and  $g(x) = 1 + \sqrt{x - 2}$ , find the value(s) of x for which f(x) = g(x). SCORE: / 14 PTS  $5 - x = 1 + \sqrt{x - 2}$ CHECK : x=3:f(3)=5-3=2 $4 - x = \sqrt{x - 2}$  $g(3) = 1 + \pi = 2$ x=6 : f(6) = 5 - 6 = -1 $16 - 8x + x^2 = x - 2$ X-9x+18=D 9(6)=1+J4=3 (x - 3)(x - 6) = 0X=3 02 X=6 X=Z