$$2 - (2-y) - (2-y)^{2}$$

$$= 2 - 2 + y - (4 - 4y + y^{2})$$

$$= 2 - 2 + y - 4 + 4y - y^{2}$$

$$= -4 + 5y - y^{2}$$

SCORE: _____ / 4 PTS

If $v(y) = 2 - y - y^2$, find v(2 - y).

and perpendicular to the line 2x + 6y = 9. 6y = -2x + 9 $4y = -\frac{1}{3}x + \frac{3}{2}$

SCORE: /3 PTS

$$y - -4 = 3(x - -1)$$

$$4 + 4 = 3(x + 1)$$

Write the **point-slope form** of the equation of the line through (-1, -4)

If $f(x) = 3x^2 - x - 18$ and $g(x) = 6 - 6x + 2x^2$, find all values of x for which f(x) = g(x). SCORE: /4 PTS CHECK ALL ANSWERS THAT ARE INTEGERS. CHECK: $3x^2 - x - 18 = 6 - 6x + 2x^2$ x = -8

$$x^{2}+5x-24=0$$

 $(x+8)^{2}+5x-24=0$
 $(x+8)^{2}+5x-24=0$
 $(x+8)^{2}+5x-24=0$
 $(x+8)^{2}+5x-24=0$
 $(x+8)^{2}+5x-24=0$

$$x = -8$$
 or $x = 3$

X = 3

$$x=3$$

 $f(3) = 3(3)^2 - 3 - 18 = 27 - 3 - 18 = 6$

$$x = 3$$

 $f(3) = 3(3)^2 - 3 - 18 = 27 - 3 - 18 = 6$
 $g(3) = 6 - 6(3) + 2(3)^2 = 6 - 18 + 18 = 6$

$$g(-8) = 6 - 6(-8) + 2(-8)^{2}$$

= 182

If
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 4 - 5x, & x \le -2 \\ 0, & -2 < x < 2, \\ x^2 + 1, & x \ge 2 \end{cases}$$
 find $f(-3)$.

-3<-7

50 f(-3) = 4 - 5(-3) = 19

Explain what the slope and C - intercept measure.

THE SLOPE TIBLES US THAT BACH TABLET STAND COSTS \$1.05

SCORE:

The cost C (in dollars) of producing n tablet stands is given by C = 1.05n + 14,750 (where n > 0).

TO PRODUCE
THE C-INTERCEPT TELLS US THAT IT COSTS \$ 14,750
TO PRODUCE NO TABLET STANDS (EG. RENT, MACHINES)

A real estate office handles an apartment complex with 60 units. When the rent per unit is \$940, all the units SCORE: /5 PTS are occupied. However, when the rent is \$1000, the number of occupied units drops to 56. Assume that the relationship between the monthly rent p and the demand x is linear.

[a] Write the **point-slope form** of the equation of the line giving the demand
$$x$$
 in terms of the rent p .

$$m = \frac{x_2 - x_1}{P^2 - P^2} = \frac{56 - 60}{1000 - 940} = \frac{-4}{60} = -\frac{1}{15}$$

$$x-56=-\frac{1}{15}(p-1000)$$

$$0 = -\frac{1}{10}(D - 940)$$

e answer for [a] to predict the number of units occupied when the rent is \$104

$$\times -56 = -\frac{1}{15} (1045 - 1000)$$
 OR

$$x-56=-15(104)$$

 $x-56=-15(45)$
 $x-56=-3$

x = 53

$$\times -60 = -\frac{1}{15} (p - 940)$$
[b] Use the answer for [a] to predict the number of units occupied when the rent is \$1045.

$$x-60 = -\frac{1}{15}(1045-940)$$

$$x-60 = -\frac{1}{15}(105)$$

$$x-60 = -7$$

$$60 = -7$$

 $x = 53$