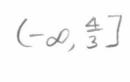
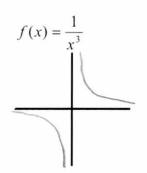
$$4-3\times > 0$$

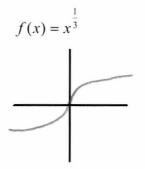
 $-3\times > -4$ $(-0, \frac{4}{3}]$
 $\times < \frac{4}{3}$



Sketch the general shapes and positions of the following graphs.







$$f(x) = x^6$$

Find the average rate of change of $f(x) = x^3 - 3x$ from x = -2 to x = 0.

$$\frac{f(0)-f(-2)}{0--2} = 0$$

SCORE: /3 PTS

For $f(t) = \frac{1}{2-t}$, find the difference quotient $\frac{f(t) - f(3)}{t-3}$.

$$\frac{1}{2-t} - (-1) = \frac{1}{2-t} + \frac{1}{1} = \frac{1+(2-t)}{(2-t)(t-3)} = \frac{3-t}{(2-t)(t-3)}$$

$$\frac{1}{2-t} - (-1) = \frac{1}{2-t} + \frac{1}{1} = \frac{1+(2-t)}{(2-t)(t-3)} = \frac{3-t}{(2-t)(t-3)}$$

$$\frac{1}{2-t} - (-1) = \frac{1}{2-t} + \frac{1}{2-t} = \frac{3-t}{2-t}$$

$$\frac{1}{2-t} - (-1) = \frac{3-t}{2-t} + \frac{1}{2-t} = \frac{3-t}{2-t}$$

$$=$$
 $(2-t)(t-3)$

Complete the following definition:

SCORE: /2 PTS

A function f is decreasing on an interval if and only if

FOR ALL X,, X2 IN THE INTERVAL, IF X, < X2 THEN F(X)> F(X2)