

SCORE: / 20 POINTS

Let $F = \{-1, 0, 1\}$.

Let $G = \{0, 1, 2\}$.

$$F \times G = \{(-1, 0), (-1, 1), (-1, 2), (0, 0), (0, 1), (0, 2), (1, 0), (1, 1), (1, 2)\}$$

Let K be the relation from F to G defined by xKy if and only if $x^2 - y^2$ is a multiple of 3.

SCORE: 5 / 5 POINTS

[a] Write K in set roster notation.

$$K = \{(-1, 1), (-1, 2), (0, 0), (1, 1), (1, 2)\}$$

$\underbrace{\quad}_{\frac{1}{2}} \quad \underbrace{\quad}_{\frac{1}{2}} \quad \underbrace{\quad}_{\frac{1}{2}} \quad \underbrace{\quad}_{\frac{1}{2}} \quad \underbrace{\quad}_{\frac{1}{2}}$

[b] Is K a function? Why or why not?

it is not. -1 has two

$$\{(-1, 1) \text{ and } (-1, 2) \in K \text{ where } 1 \neq 2\}$$

[c] If $H = \{3, 4\}$, write $H \times G$ in set roster notation.

$$G = \{0, 1, 2\}$$

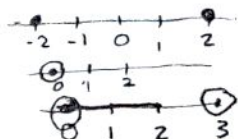
$$H \times G = \{(3, 0), (3, 1), (3, 2), (4, 0), (4, 1), (4, 2)\}$$

$\underbrace{\quad}_{\frac{1}{4}} \quad \underbrace{\quad}_{\frac{1}{4}} \quad \underbrace{\quad}_{\frac{1}{4}} \quad \underbrace{\quad}_{\frac{1}{4}} \quad \underbrace{\quad}_{\frac{1}{4}} \quad \underbrace{\quad}_{\frac{1}{4}}$

Let $A = \{x \in \mathbb{Z} \mid x^2 < 5\}$.

Let $B = \{x \in \mathbb{Z}^{\text{nonneg}} \mid x^3 < 9\}$.

Let $C = \{x \in \mathbb{Z} \mid 0 \leq x < 3\}$.



SCORE: 2 / 4 POINTS

Are the following statements true or false? Explain very briefly your answers. (No points if no explanation given.)

[a] $A = C$

$$A = \{-2, -1, 0, 1, 2\}$$

$$-1 \in A, -1 \notin C$$

$$C = \{0, 1, 2\}$$

$$-2 \in A, -2 \notin C$$

False.

[b] B is a proper subset of C

$$B = \{1, 2\}$$

yes. $B \subseteq C$ however there is $0 \in C$ but $0 \notin B$

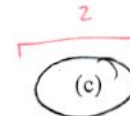
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MULTIPLE CHOICE: Which of the following statements are true?

SCORE: 2 / 2 POINTS

- [1] $x \in \{\{x\}, y, z\}$ False
 [2] $\{x\} \subseteq \{\{x\}, y, z\}$ False
 [3] $\{z\} \subseteq \{\{x\}, y, z\}$ True

- (a) none of the above are true (b) all of the above are true
 (d) only [1] and [2] are true (e) only [1] and [3] are true
 (f) only [2] and [3] are true



Classify each statement as Universal Conditional (UC), Universal Existential (UE) or Existential Universal (EU). SCORE: 1 / 2 POINTS

- [a] Some positive integer is less or equal to every positive integer. EU
 [b] Everyone who rides the roller coaster must be at least 54 inches tall. UE

Rewrite the following statement using the formal universal existential structure mentioned in lecture.

SCORE: / 3 POINTS

NOTE: The answer requires 2 variables.

You may use algebra and/or symbolic set notation where appropriate.

"Every positive integer has a reciprocal."

For every integer x such that it is positive, there is r , where $r = \frac{1}{x}$.

If $W = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10\}$ and $Y = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12\}$,
 how many elements are in $Y \times W$?

SCORE: 1 / 1 POINTS

11×13
143 elements

A RELATION

Write the formal definition of a function used in discrete math. Use correct English and mathematical notation.

SCORE: 2 / 3 POINTS

given two sets A and B , we say R is a function from A to B only and only if two conditions are satisfied:

① For every x element in A ($x \in A$) there is some $y \in B$ such that $(x, y) \in R$
 existence condition.

② For every element x in A , and y in B , and z in B such that $(x, y) \in R$ and $(x, z) \in R$ only and only if $z = y$ "uniqueness condition".

A is the domain
 B is the codomain

[1 BONUS POINT] If the number of elements in $A \times B$ is prime, what conclusions can you draw about A and B ?

1 POINT

$\{1\} \times \{1\} = \{(1, 1)\}$ number of elements is 1
 then one of them has prime number of elements
 and the other one has only one element.