

SCORE: \_\_\_\_ / 20 POINTS

Let  $F = \{-1, 0, 1\}$ .

SCORE: \_\_\_\_ / 5 POINTS

Let  $G = \{0, 1, 2\}$ .

Let  $K$  be the relation from  $F$  to  $G$  defined by  $xKy$  if and only if  $x^2 - y^2$  is a multiple of 3.

[a] Write  $K$  in set roster notation.

$\{(-1, 1), (-1, 2), (0, 0), (1, 1), (1, 2)\}$

½ point for each ordered pair = 2½ points total

➔SUBTRACT ½ point if not written in proper set notation

[b] Is  $K$  a function? Why or why not?

No.  $(-1, 1) \in K$  and  $(-1, 2) \in K$ , but  $1 \neq 2$

1 point (no points for "NO" if incorrect reason given)

OR

No.  $(1, 1) \in K$  and  $(1, 2) \in K$ , but  $1 \neq 2$

1 point (no points for "NO" if incorrect reason given)

[c] If  $H = \{3, 4\}$ , write  $H \times G$  in set roster notation.

$\{(3, 0), (3, 1), (3, 2), (4, 0), (4, 1), (4, 2)\}$

¼ point for each ordered pair = 1½ points total

➔SUBTRACT ½ point if not written in proper set notation

Let  $A = \{x \in \mathbb{Z} \mid x^2 < 5\}$ .

SCORE: \_\_\_\_ / 4 POINTS

Let  $B = \{x \in \mathbb{Z}^{\text{nonneg}} \mid x^3 < 9\}$ .

Let  $C = \{x \in \mathbb{Z} \mid 0 \leq x < 3\}$ .

Are the following statements true or false? Explain very briefly your answers. (No points if no explanation given.)

[a]  $A = C$

False.  $-2 \in A$  but  $-2 \notin C$ .

2 points (no points for "FALSE" if incorrect reason given)

OR

False.  $-1 \in A$  but  $-1 \notin C$ .

2 points (no points for "FALSE" if incorrect reason given)

[b]  $B$  is a proper subset of  $C$

False.  $C$  does not contain any element that is not in  $B$  since  $B = C = \{0, 1, 2\}$

2 points (no points for "FALSE" if incorrect reason given)

(even though every element of  $B$  is also in  $C$ ).

CONTINUED ➔

MULTIPLE CHOICE: Which of the following statements are true ?

SCORE: \_\_\_\_ / 2 POINTS

- [1]  $x \in \{\{x\}, y, z\}$
- [2]  $\{x\} \subseteq \{\{x\}, y, z\}$
- [3]  $\{z\} \subseteq \{\{x\}, y, z\}$

- (a) none of the above are true (b) all of the above are true (c) **2 points** only [3] is true
- (d) only [1] and [2] are true (e) only [1] and [3] are true (f) only [2] and [3] are true

Classify each statement as Universal Conditional (UC), Universal Existential (UE) or Existential Universal (EU). SCORE: \_\_\_\_ / 2 POINTS

- [a] Some positive integer is less or equal to every positive integer. **EU** 1 point
- [b] Everyone who rides the roller coaster must be at least 54 inches tall. **UC** 1 point

Rewrite the following statement using the formal universal existential structure mentioned in lecture.

SCORE: \_\_\_\_ / 3 POINTS

**NOTE: The answer requires 2 variables.**

You may use algebra and/or symbolic set notation where appropriate.

“Every positive integer has a reciprocal.”

For every positive integer  $x$ , there is a real number  $y$  such that  $y = \frac{1}{x}$ . **➡SUBTRACT 1 point if you wrote “there is a real number  $y$ ” before “for every positive integer  $x$ ”**

½ point ½ point ½ point ½ point ½ point ½ point

OR

For all  $x \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ , there exists  $y \in \mathbb{R}$  such that  $y = \frac{1}{x}$ . **➡SUBTRACT 1 point if you wrote “there is a real number  $y$ ” before “for every positive integer  $x$ ”**

½ point ½ point ½ point ½ point ½ point ½ point

If  $W = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10\}$  and  $Y = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12\}$ ,  
how many elements are in  $Y \times W$  ?

SCORE: \_\_\_\_ / 1 POINTS

$11 \times 13 = 143$  1 point

Write the **formal definition** of a function used in discrete math. Use correct English and mathematical notation.

SCORE: \_\_\_\_ / 3 POINTS

A relation  $R$  from set  $A$  to set  $B$  is a function if and only if

for all  $x \in A$ , there exists  $y \in B$  such that  $(x, y) \in R$

and for all  $x \in A$ , for all  $y, z \in B$ , if  $(x, y) \in R$  and  $(x, z) \in R$ , then  $y = z$