SCORE: \_\_\_ / 30 POINTS

## WHERE INDICATED, YOU MUST SHOW THE WORK THAT LEAD TO YOUR ANSWER TO GET FULL CREDIT.

## IF A PROBLEM CAN BE SOLVED USING A SERIES FORMULA, YOU MUST USE IT (NOT SIMPLY WRITE OUT EACH TERM AND ADD THEM TOGETHER)

Araceli bought a new car in 2003. Her car registration fee that year was \$278.

SCORE: \_\_\_ / 5 POINTS

Because of depreciation, the fee decreased by 14% each year (from the previous year).

How much did Araceli pay altogether in registration fees from 2003 until 2011 (including both those years)?

Total fees = 278 + 278(1-0.14) + 278(1-0.14)<sup>2</sup> + ··· + 278(1-0.14)<sup>8</sup>

$$S_9 = \boxed{\frac{278(1-0.86^9)}{1-0.86}} = \boxed{1474.74} \text{ 1 point}$$
4 points

The third term of a geometric sequence is -400, and the sixth term is  $204\frac{4}{5}$ .

SCORE: \_\_\_/ 9 POINTS

[a] Find the tenth term. **DO NOT ROUND OFF YOUR ANSWER.** 

$$\frac{a_6}{a_3} = \frac{a_1 r^5}{a_1 r^2} = \frac{204 \frac{4}{5}}{-400}$$

$$\frac{r^3 = -0.512}{1 \text{ points}}$$

$$r = -0.8 \text{ 1 point}$$

$$a_1(-0.8)^2 = -400$$

$$a_1 = -625 \text{ 1½ points}$$

$$a_{10} = -625(-0.8)^9 = 83.88608 \text{ 1½ points}$$

[b] Find the sum of the corresponding infinite series.

$$S = \frac{-625}{1 - (-0.8)} = \frac{-3125}{9} \text{ or } -347.\overline{2}$$
 1 point (either format is acceptable)

For all integers 
$$n \ge 0$$
,  $\frac{1}{1 \times 4} + \frac{1}{4 \times 7} + \frac{1}{7 \times 10} + \dots + \frac{1}{(3n+1) \times (3n+4)} = \frac{n+1}{3n+4}$ 

If 
$$n = 0$$
,  $\text{LEFT SIDE} = \frac{1}{1 \times 4} = \frac{1}{4}$   $\text{RIGHT SIDE} = \frac{0+1}{3(0)+4} = \frac{1}{4}$ 

INDUCTIVE STEP:

Assume that 
$$\frac{1}{1 \times 4} + \frac{1}{4 \times 7} + \frac{1}{7 \times 10} + \dots + \frac{1}{(3k+1) \times (3k+4)} = \frac{k+1}{3k+4}$$
 for some integer  $k \ge 0$ 

Now prove 
$$\frac{1}{1 \times 4} + \frac{1}{4 \times 7} + \frac{1}{7 \times 10} + \dots + \frac{1}{(3(k+1)+1) \times (3(k+1)+4)} = \frac{(k+1)+1}{3(k+1)+4}$$
ie. 
$$\frac{1}{1 \times 4} + \frac{1}{4 \times 7} + \frac{1}{7 \times 10} + \dots + \frac{1}{(3k+4) \times (3k+7)} = \frac{k+2}{3k+7}$$

$$\frac{1}{1\times4} + \frac{1}{4\times7} + \frac{1}{7\times10} + \dots + \frac{1}{(3k+4)\times(3k+7)}$$

$$= \frac{1}{1\times4} + \frac{1}{4\times7} + \frac{1}{7\times10} + \dots + \frac{1}{(3k+1)\times(3k+4)} + \frac{1}{(3k+4)\times(3k+7)}$$

$$= \frac{k+1}{3k+4} + \frac{1}{(3k+4)(3k+7)}$$

$$=\frac{(k+1)(3k+7)+1}{(3k+4)(3k+7)}$$

$$= \frac{3k^2 + 10k + 8}{(3k+4)(3k+7)}$$
$$= \frac{(3k+4)(k+2)}{(3k+4)(3k+7)}$$
$$= \frac{k+2}{3k+7}$$

By mathematical induction, 
$$\frac{1}{1\times 4} + \frac{1}{4\times 7} + \frac{1}{7\times 10} + \dots + \frac{1}{(3n+1)\times (3n+4)} = \frac{n+1}{3n+4}$$
 for all integers  $n \ge 0$ .

After opening in January 2010, the number of patients seen each month at the Sao Christovao Clinic increased SCORE: /7 POINTS by the same number every month. If 593 patients were seen during the 5<sup>th</sup> month, and 803 patients were seen during the 12<sup>th</sup> month, how many total patients were seen during the first 18 months?

Let 
$$a_n$$
 = number of patients seen during  $n^{th}$  month  $a_{12} - a_5 = (a_1 + 11d) - (a_1 + 4d) = 803 - 593$ 

$$7d = 210$$
2 points
$$d = 30$$
1 point
$$a_1 + 4(30) = 593$$

$$a_1 = 473$$
1 point
$$S_{18} = \frac{18}{2}[2(473) + 17(30)] \text{ or } \frac{18}{2}[473 + 983] = \boxed{13104}$$

$$S_{18} = \frac{18}{2} [2(473) + 17(30)] \text{ or } \frac{18}{2} [473 + 983] = \boxed{13104} \text{ 1 point}$$

2 points (either format is acceptab