

(1) Find the general solution and show work (leave solution in radical form):

$$x'(t) = -2y$$

$$y'(t) = 2x - y$$

$$\vec{Y}(t) = \begin{pmatrix} x(t) \\ y(t) \end{pmatrix} =$$

(2) If initial condition is $\vec{Y}(0) = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$, find the solution and show the phase plane

$$\vec{Y}(t) = \begin{pmatrix} x(t) \\ y(t) \end{pmatrix} =$$

Phase plane:

