- 1. A matrix A is non-singular if
- ... it is the matrix of coefficients of a homogeneous system of linear equations with a unique solution.
- 2. A linear equation is homogeneous if it can be written
- ... $a_1x_1 + a_2x_2 + ... + a_nx_n = 0$
- 3. *V* is a vector subspace of *W* if
- ... it is a subset of W and is a vector space itself under the (inherited) operations from W.
- 4. The set of vectors u_1 , u_2 ,..., u_n , spans the space V if
- ... all vectors in V are linear combinations of $u_1, u_2, ..., u_n$
- 5. The set of vectors u_1 , u_2 ,..., u_n , is a basis for vector space V if
- ... it is linearly independent and spans V.
- 6. The set of vectors u_1 , u_2 ,..., u_n is linearly independent if
- ... $a_1u_1 + a_2u_2 + ... + a_nu_n = 0$ implies that all a_i are equal to 0.
- 7. The set of vectors u_1 , u_2 ,..., u_n is linearly dependent if
- ... one can be written as a linear combination of the others, or if there are non-zero solutions to $a_1u_1 + a_2u_2 + ... + a_nu_n = 0$ such that at least some a_i are not equal to 0.
- 8. The vector w is a linear combination of $u_1, u_2, ..., u_n$ if

$$w = a_1u_1 + a_2u_2 + ... + a_nu_n$$

- 9. Function f from space V to W is an onto mapping if
- ... for every vector w in W there is a vector v in V such that f(v) = w
- 10. Function *f* from space *V* to *W* is a 1 to 1 mapping if
- f(v) = w and f(u) = w implies that u = v
- 11. The rank of a matrix is
- ... the dimension of the row space
- 12. The dimension of a vector space is
- ... the number of vectors in a basis
- 13. Function *f* from space *V* to *W* is an isomorphism if
- ... it is one to one and onto and f(rv + sw) = f(rv) + f(sw) for all scalars r and s and all vectors v and w in V.
- 14. Function *f* from space *V* to *W* is a homomorphism if
- ... f(rv + sw) = f(rv) + f(sw) for all scalars r and s and all vectors v and w in V.
- 15. The null space of a linear mapping from V to W is
- ... the set of vectors v in V such that v is mapped onto the zero vector of W.