

## Electricity and Magnetism Lab 6 RC Circuits

Lana Sheridan

De Anza College

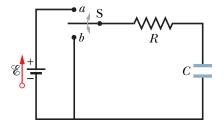
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#### **Overview**

- reminder about RC circuits
- setup
- making measurements

#### **RC Circuits**

Circuits with resistors and capacitors are called "RC circuits."



When an uncharged capacitor is first connected to an electrical potential difference, a current will flow.

Once the capacitor is fully charged however,  $q = C(\Delta V)$ , current has no where to flow and stops.

The capacitor gently "switches off" the current.

#### **RC Circuits: Charging Capacitor**

If we replace i in our equation with the derivative:

$$\mathcal{E} - R \, \frac{\mathrm{dq}}{\mathrm{dt}} - \frac{q}{C} = 0$$

This is a differential equation. There is a way to solve such equations to find solutions for how q depends on time. (You do not need to know them.)

The solution is:

$$q = C\mathcal{E}(1 - e^{-t/RC})$$

## **RC Circuits: Charging Capacitor**

Charge:

$$q = C\mathcal{E}(1 - e^{-t/RC})$$

Current:

$$i = \left(rac{\mathcal{E}}{R}
ight) e^{-t/RC}$$

Dividing the charge by the capacitance, C, the potential drop across the capacitor:

$$\Delta V_C = \mathcal{E}(1 - e^{-t/RC})$$

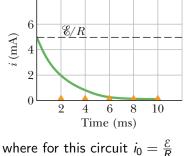
## **RC Circuits: Charging Capacitor**

How the solutions appear with time:

Charge:  $q = q_0 (1 - e^{-t/RC})$  $i = i_0 e^{-t/RC}$ 12 6  $C\mathscr{C}$  $\mathcal{E}/R$  $q~(\mu {\rm C})$ *i* (mA) 8 4 2 0 2 6 8 2 4 10 0 4 Time (ms)

where for this circuit  $q_0 = C \mathcal{E}$ 

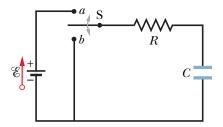
Current:



## **RC Circuits: Discharging Capacitor**

Imagine that we have charged up the capacitor, so that the charge on it is  $q_0$ .

Now we flip the switch, the battery is disconnected, but charge flows off the capacitor, creating a current:



## **RC Circuits: Discharging Capacitor**

Charge on the capacitor:

$$q = q_0 \, e^{-t/RC}$$

Current:

$$i = i_0 e^{-t/RC}$$

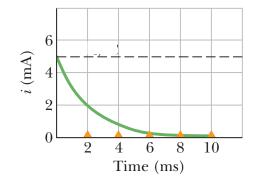
where  $\dot{i}_0 = \frac{q_0}{RC}$ .

Again dividing the charge by the capacitance:

 $\Delta V_C = \Delta V_0 \, e^{-t/RC}$ 

where  $\Delta V_0 = rac{q_0}{C} = rac{i_0}{R}$ .

#### **RC Circuits: Discharging Capacitor**



#### Waveforms

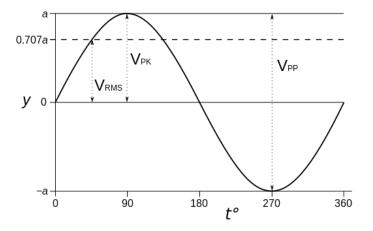
Sine

		Square





#### Measures of amplitude-type quantities

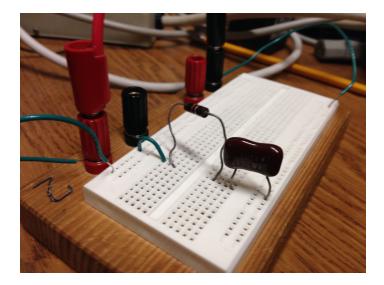


<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Figure from Wikipedia by AlanM1.

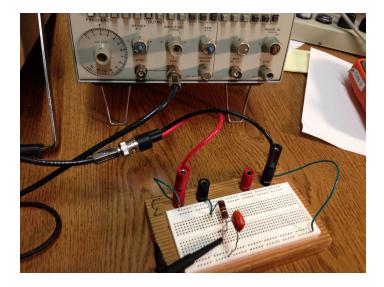
# Measurements with the Hand-Held DMM of Capacitance



## **RC Circuit**



## Measuring $V_C$



## **Changing Frequency**



#### **Changing Frequency**



## Grounding

