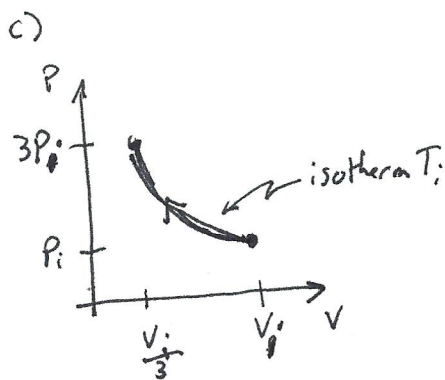


Name: Key

Physics 4C Spring 2020 Test 2 (Thermo)

1. One mole of an ideal gas is contained in a cylinder with a movable piston. The initial pressure is P_i and the initial volume is V_i . The gas undergoes an isothermal compression in which the final pressure is three times the initial pressure. Give your answers in terms of P_i , V_i , and any universal constant needed.

- What is the initial temperature?
- In terms of V_i only, what is the final volume of the gas?
- Sketch this process on a PV diagram, labeling the axes and the initial and final values and showing the direction of the process.
- Find the work done on the gas in this process.
- Find the amount of heat transferred to the gas.



a)

$$PV = nRT$$

$$P_i V_i = nRT_i$$

$$T_i = \frac{P_i V_i}{nR} \quad n=1$$

$$T_i = \frac{P_i V_i}{R}$$

b) Isothermal $\Rightarrow T \text{ const.} \Rightarrow \frac{PV}{R} \text{ const.}$
 or $PV = \text{const.}$

$$\frac{P_f V_f}{R} = \frac{P_i V_i}{R}$$

$$3P_i V_f = P_i V_i$$

$$V_f = \frac{V_i}{3}$$

d)

$$W = - \int_{V_i}^{V_f} P dV$$

$$PV = nRT_i$$

$$P = \frac{nRT_i}{V}$$

$$= - \int_{V_i}^{V_i/3} \frac{nRT_i}{V} dV$$

$$= -nRT_i \int_{V_i}^{V_i/3} \frac{1}{V} dV$$

$$= -nRT_i \ln\left(\frac{V_i/3}{V_i}\right)$$

$$n=1, \quad T_i = \frac{P_i V_i}{R}$$

$$W = P_i V_i \ln 3$$

e) $\Delta E_{int} = Q + W$ (isothermal process)

$$Q = -W$$

$$Q = -P_i V_i \ln 3$$

$$Q = -P_i V_i \ln 3$$